

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

VOL. XX.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1906.

NO. 10

DISAPPEARS WITH LARGE SUM George Hockney of Lake Bluff Has Left for Parts Unknown

After the highways and woods have been searched and after every possible clue has been turned over and over in the search for the body of George Hockney, of Lake Bluff, whom, relatives and friends fear met foul play. Later developments show that Hockney, despite his excellent reputation and high standing among his friends, has merely left the country and is likely now in some place enjoying a laugh at the newspaper reports about his disappearance.

It develops that a Cook county man named Anderson, went to the Hockney, or McCormick farm, and made a purchase of two carloads of cattle. He paid \$700 for the lot and going after them later he found that a custodian was in charge of the stock and the chattel mortgage for \$1,500 of Jos. Libal of Warrington Grove, must be taken care of first before any other disposition of the property is made, and therefore it appears that Anderson is out his \$700 as a result of having purchased stock on which there is a mortgage.

It was on Tuesday last that a Waukegan man was in the country, a short distance west of Waukegan when he met Anderson whom he had known for years. They chat-

ted for a while and Anderson told him he had just returned from the McCormick farm where he had purchased two carloads of cattle, having paid \$700 for them.

Knowing nothing of the disposition of Hockney, Anderson got off the train at Rondout and started for the McCormick farm where he was to get the cattle he purchased. When Anderson reached the farm he found the custodian in charge of the place in the interest of the holder of the chattel mortgage and he was told that, despite the fact that he held Hockney's receipt for the two carloads of cattle, he could not take them away.

What Anderson could do under the circumstances is not known but this incident throws new light on the whole affair and apparently settles the matter for good—that Hockney left the country of his own accord and has not met foul play as many supposed.

It is reported that Mr. McCormick had stated he would step in and protect Mrs. Hockney, that is, he would purchase the property which will be sold at the chattel mortgage foreclosure sale and pay up the claim, turning back to her what is left.

STAND BY THE NOMINEES

They are All Capable of Filling Their Respective Offices

It is to be desired that every Republican voter of Antioch Township and vicinity stand firmly by the regular nominees of his party on next Tuesday. We believe the Republican party to be a great party, backed up by sane, sound, civic principles, and we are sufficiently willing to manifest our loyalty, affiliation and faith in the party to the extent of casting our ballot for its regular nominees. Several of the candidates have been tried in the positions to which they aspire and they have been found to be entirely competent. Some of the nominees are aspiring to new positions but we have faith in their ability to fill them creditably. The present County officials, regardless of their political affiliations are competent men who have demonstrated their ability to discharge their official obligations with credit to themselves and to their constituents and while we would be glad to see them all retained, however, we have faith supreme in the new men and we feel that they will succeed in ably filling the positions for which they aspire.

Our candidate for treasurer, reared in our midst, is a young man of whom we feel justly proud. Mr. Griffin, the candidate for sheriff, is known to be competent. Of course everybody will vote for Griffin. Mr. Deneen is known by all to be entirely capable, and the most serious thing that can be said against him is that he has done his work well. The candidate for judge and county superintendent of schools should receive your support.

The Democratic candidates are strong, clean men, as are also the candidates of the Prohibition party, and the candidate of the direct republican primary party. Now in view of the fact that the candidates of our own party are just as competent and well fitted, why not vote the straight ticket and roll up a handsome republican majority for the old party and at the same time discharge the respect an obligation we owe to our home candidate. Do not forget to be on hand next Tuesday and cast your vote for the straight republican ticket.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks 1907 Almanac.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks has been compelled by the popular demand to resume the publication of his well known and popular Almanac for 1907. This splendid almanac is now ready. For sale by news dealers, or sent postpaid for 25 cents. by Word and Works Publishing Company, 2201 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo., publishers of Word and Works, one of the best daily monthly magazines in America. One almanac goes with every subscription.

Dairy and Food Commission's Report

The Minnesota Dairy and Food Commission's analysis shows that Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar and Dee's Laxative Honey and Tar contained opiates and croton oil. Opiates are poisons and croton oil is a violent poisonous, purgative. Refuse to accept any but Foley's Honey and Tar in a yellow package. Foley's Honey and Tar contains no opiates or dangerous drugs and is the best cough and cold cure.

Javanese Love Dance.

The Javanese love dance is the most graceful in all the world, uniting its pulsing, sensuous rhythm with utter abandon and perfect physical grace. The women of Java are not beautiful, but in their dobles is expressed the most grace the world has known, a grace which makes the Egyptian seem awkward, and the Parisian danseuse lacking in grace.

VOTE THE STRAIGHT REPUBLICAN TICKET

Election day is next week Tuesday, November 6.

Antioch township has always enjoyed the distinction of being the banner township of Lake County, and it is now called upon to defend that title at the coming election. The mere fact that an Independent is trying to break into the party organization should fill every Republican with indignation and activity and a desire to vote and see that his neighbor also votes. The Republican organization is fighting for its organization against the encroachment of those who would wreck the party to gratify selfish ambition. Let every loyal Republican who has the interest of the party at heart VOTE THE STRAIGHT REPUBLICAN TICKET on election day.

FAITH WORKED A CURE.

Proof of Effect of Imagination on Human Mind.

Imagination, which causes much ill health, has also proved an effective cure when medical skill has been baffled. During the siege of Breda in 1625 the garrison was rendered almost helpless by the ravages of scurvy. The Prince of Orange, being given to understand that the city must fall in the first general assault unless the plague was stayed, sent a few vials containing a liquid which he declared was of wonderful potency, a few drops being sufficient to impart healing qualities to a barrelful of water. The virtues of the remedy were described in glowing terms and the expectations of the soldiery regarding its efficacy were aroused to the highest pitch. The vials contained a harmless preparation, though had it been a deadly poison the seas of water with which it was mingled would have rendered it innocuous. The soldiers crowded eagerly around the doctors and swallowed the medicated water, faith beaming in every face. In a few days men who had grown worse under the usual remedies became well; others who had lost the use of their limbs recovered their wonted vigor, and the ranks of the defenders assumed almost their normal strength.

SEIZE AND HOLD AUTO.

Glasgow, Scotland, Has Effective Penalty for Seizing.

If a child use his pocket knife to cut the bark off a tree, or carve his name on a mahogany table, the knife is taken away from him. This removes the temptation to mischief, deprives him of the object with which damage was done and punishes him by keeping from him that with which he could have much innocent amusement. Glasgow applies this method to automobilists who offend. The penalty is imposed upon the machine, and not the man. The automobile is seized and locked up for from ten days upward, according to the gravity or frequency of the offense. The owner is thus deprived of that which he was not using rationally, and the public is saved this risk of having a dangerous machine in the hands of a thoughtless person. If a man were caught lifting the dust off the road at the rate of 40 miles an hour in the spring and had his \$10,000 auto taken away from him and kept all through the long summer months, he would be likely to exercise greater care next season. It really looks as though the Glasgow bailiffs had discovered how to make the punishment fit the crime.

DENEEN ON PRIMARY LAW Says It's a Good Law and Stronger Than Republican Party

"The criticism most often made of the primary law is that it should have abolished the convention. I cannot agree with those who urge this. While I admit that it is not perfect, still it is a good law, as strong as the Republican party, and stronger. In rural districts the voters will not participate in primary elections to the extent that those in the cities do. The farmers never will approve of nomination by the voters." Thus spoke Gov. Deneen on Monday evening at Highland Park before an audience of Lake County people. Continuing the Governor said: "I do not believe it is just when there are ten candidates for the man who gets eleven per cent. of his party vote to receive the nomination. I would not favor any plan for direct nominations unless a decent plurality were required, say thirty-five per cent. of the total party vote."

It is obvious from the Governor's speech that he feels keenly the unjust criticisms which have been heaped upon the new law and what he said as quoted above in the last paragraph is so plainly the truth that it may be designated as axiomatic. According to the Governor's illustration the instance may arise where A, B, C, D, E, F,

G, H, I and J are candidates for an office and their votes are as follows: A, 99; B, 101; C, 98; D, 102; E, 97; F, 103; G, 96; H, 104; I, 95; J, 105. Total, 1,000. According to the plan of nominating by direct vote K would be the regular nominee, but having received only a little more than one-tenth of the entire number of votes cast he could in no way fairly claim to be the people's choice. As the cities offer better facilities for voters to reach the polling places a greater per cent. of the votes are cast there, which means because a candidate chances to be from a city, he, invariably, would win, irrespective of qualifications or fitness. While we do not profess to be in sympathy with the Governor's policy, nevertheless, we feel that his argument possesses the wheat, and this Tommyrot about the people's choice that the democratic and independent candidates delight to shout about is nothing but a delusion and a snare to all the people of the country and smaller towns in the county that possess a metropolitan city. That the country representatives at Springfield were awake to the interests of their constituents in demanding nomination by convention or thirty-five per cent. plurality is a matter of history.

MUMMIES USED AS FUEL.

Burn Like Tinder, Says Sailor—Dried Fish Makes Good Fire.

"I have eaten mummy cooked on a fire of broken mummy," said the sailor. "It was in Egypt, and the mummy was stolen out of a tomb. The natives are always stealing mummies. They sell them in pieces to tourists, and what pieces they can't dispose of otherwise they throw into the bin for fuel."

"Mummy burns like tinder, but it's a ghastly fuel. It is as ghastly a fuel as the shot lasts when they burn in the shoemaking town of Lynn, where the old-fashioned and discarded lasts, glowing in the grates, look to you like amputated human limbs."

"I have been in tannery towns where the fuel is leather chips. This fuel smells and smokes. It clinkers, too, forming into big, solid chunks that have to be broke up with the poker every little while."

"In British Columbia, where fish is as plentiful as air, they burn dried fish when there's no wood handy. The oil in the fish causes them to burn well, but the smell of this fish fuel ain't to no white man's taste."

KEPT PLEDGE MADE TO WIFE.

Incidentally, Lawyer Also Got Stimulant He Wanted.

An Irish lawyer made a pledge to his wife that he would partake of no intoxicating liquor while engaged in the trial of a case. Soon after he was retained on an important trial in Dublin, and the court continued its deliberations until such a late hour that nearly every one connected with the case found it advisable to take some spirits to stimulate their energies. Although invited by his colleagues to have something, the lawyer remembered his promise to his wife and refused their repeated urgings. Finally, when he explained his plight to one of his legal friends, the latter said: "But you did not make a vow against eating liquor, did you?" When assured that the pledge applied only to drinking, the ingenious chum left the court room and soon returned with a plate of fresh rolls. The center of each roll had been scraped out and filled with good whiskey.

Police Wear Straw Hats. Some of the British police wear straw helmets in the summer.

ROBBED OF HIS VALUABLES Walter Durkin of Waukegan Victim of Bold Holdup

One of the boldest holdups that has taken place in this vicinity in many a day occurred Saturday evening at nine o'clock when Walter Durkin, the twenty-one year old son of Mrs. Joe Durkin, of North Sheridan road was robbed of all his valuables while standing in the electric railroad station at Tenth street, North Chicago.

As a result of the robbery he is minus a silver watch, \$14 in money, his gloves and even his pocket knife. He gave them up to two men who entered the brightly lighted station as he was waiting for a car. He gave them up without any resistance, believing that he would be a wiser man to turn over all he had than try to defy a dangerous looking revolver leveled at his head by his youthful robbers. The robbery was committed by two young men, apparently about twenty years of age, neither of whom wore masks and went about the job as if they were old hands at it.

Durkin had been on Tenth street and went to the Washburn station to catch the nine o'clock car to Waukegan. He arrived a few minutes ahead of the car and went inside the depot. He was looking over the time table on the wall when the door opened and two young men entered the waiting room.

What time do we catch a car? asked one of the pair. In a few minutes I guess, said Durkin and he turned about to again look at the time table to make sure of the minute the car was due whereupon he going to tell the fellows. Just then as he had turned to look at the timetable, he felt a tap on his shoulder and turning to see what the stranger wanted he found a revolver shoved into his face. "Hands up," said the fellow with the gun. Durkin lost no time in obeying for he did not like the looks of the weapon or the man he was dealing with.

At that time both men were inside the room and the second robber asked the other if he should help him, to which the other replied in gruff tones, No I'll do the job you stand guard. With that the second man stepped outside the door and the man with the gun still holding it close to Durkin's face started to go through his pockets.

First he took his watch and then his gloves after which he transferred every bit of money Durkin had in his pockets to his own, getting in all about \$14. He even took his pocket knife and started to take some keys, asking Durkin if he wanted them very badly himself and what they were keys to. Durkin replied that they were keys to the office where he worked, whereupon the fellow put them back in his pocket. He had pulled out of Durkin's pockets all the papers etc., which he could find and threw them down on the floor of the waiting room. After he had made sure that he had obtained everything of value, the fellow backed to the door, still leveling the gun at Durkin's head and warned him to remain where he was, and that was the last Durkin saw of the pair for they made their way off through the darkness.

It took but a few moments for the fellows to rob their lone victim, but unfortunately the car which was even then due did not pull into the station till after they had gone, had it arrived on time there might have been a chance of catching them. Durkin was busy picking up his papers when the car went past so he was forced to wait for the next. As soon as he reached town the matter was reported to the police who turned it over to the North Chicago police in whose territory the robbery was committed. An effort was made to trace the fellows without success.

PERSONAL HATRED IN WAR.

That it is a Valuable Fighting Asset is Questioned.

It is a fresh experience to take up a book which preaches a doctrine of hatred on the ground that a "living personal hatred" is a most valuable fighting asset, and this is all that can be said in favor of these "Heresies of Sea-Power." Mr. Jane quotes Nelson to support his curious theory and declares that a crude desire to kill Russians contributed materially to the success of Japanese arms in the late war. It is unfortunate for his argument that Nelson should have been so consistently chivalrous to opponents and that the Japanese seem to have been anxious to spare and save life whenever killing served no useful purpose. This attempt to connect blood lust with victory shows how difficult it may be for a civilian to understand the peculiar sympathy which exists between fighting men of different nations. "I am going, I hope and trust, to join Nelson," said Gravina on his deathbed, and from what we know of Nelson he was probably the first to greet his old enemy in the Halls of Valhalla.—Saturday Review.

A Year of Blood.

The year 1903 will long be remembered in the home of F. N. Tacket, of Alliance, Ky., as a year of blood; which flowed so copiously from Mr. Tacket's lungs that death seemed very near. He writes: "Severe bleeding from the lungs and a frightful cough had brought me to death's door, when I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, with the astonishing result that after taking four bottles I was completely restored and as time has proven permanently cured." Guaranteed for sore lungs, coughs and colds, at J. H. Swan's drug store. Price 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free.

Costly Singing Birds.

The most costly living creature, in proportion to its weight, is doubtless a highly-trained song bird, a bullfinch or canary that can whistle two or three airs from operas. Such cage pets sometimes sell at the rate of \$1,000 a pound or more, a price which would make a race horse worth about \$1,000,000 and a setter dog \$50,000 or upwards.

Piles quickly and positively cured with Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. It's made for piles alone—and it does the work surely and with satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large, nickle capped glass jars, 50c. Sold and recommended by all dealers.

Not a Beauty.

Knock—Blinker's fiancée must have all kinds of money.
Blox—Are you acquainted with her?
Knock—No; but a friend of his

PRETTY HOME WEDDING.

Former Antioch Girl Recently Married at Chetek, Wisconsin.

A pretty home wedding was solemnized at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Horton on Thursday, October 18, the contracting parties being their eldest daughter, Eunice Mae, and Mr. Fred Bowers, a prominent young farmer of Chetek township, Rev. Stanford performing the nuptial ceremony.

At twelve o'clock noon, the happy couple attended by Miss Lelia Horton as bridesmaid, and Mr. Bennie LaBell, as best man, with Miss Etta Bowers and Mr. Dillon Flynn, Miss Ella Flynn and Mr. Albert Bowers as maids and gentlemen of honor took their place in the parlor, and in the presence of the families of the respective parties, and invited guests, were made man and wife according to the ritualistic ceremony of the M. E. church. After a little wholesome advice from Rev. Stanford who has justly earned the title of the marrying parson, having in his long pastorate of sixty years married more couples than any pastor in the Northland, hearty congratulations and best wishes were extended the happy couple when the friends and invited guests numbering nearly one hundred seated themselves around the wedding feast, covers being laid for one hundred. Despite the rather inclement weather mirth and good cheer reigned supreme and ample justice was done, the elegant repast bountifully arrayed on the tables.

The bride was gowned in white silk trimmed with white lace and wore no ornaments except a gold chain and locket. She presented a charming picture of beauty and womanly grace and was as bright joyous and happy as her most ardent friends could wish her life always to be. The groom was dressed in the conventional black suit and looked manly and in every way worthy of his charming bride. The bridesmaid and maids of honor were gowned in white and made a charming back ground to this picture of joyous life on this solemn and festive occasion.

The wedding presents were many, useful and beautiful and show in a measure the high esteem in which Mr. and Mrs. Bowers are held by their acquaintances, neighbors and friends.

The happy couple will reside in Chetek township this winter and expect to engage in farming near Bloomer in the spring. The best wishes of all their friends are extended to them for a long useful and happy life.

The bride was formerly an Illinois girl having lived in this vicinity all her life until about three years ago when she moved with her parents to Chetek, Wis., and has many relatives and friends at this place who join with her friends in the north in wishing the happy pair many years of joy and prosperity.

The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

AROUND THE WORLD.

The Upham-Brouse Company, the third largest dry goods store in Akron, Ohio, has filed a petition in bankruptcy on account of the pressing claims of New York and Philadelphia creditors. The liabilities aggregate \$75,000 and the assets \$50,000.

Miss Laura Scott, a 19-year-old school teacher, was found dead near Parker, Colo., by a searching party, and a coroner's jury returned a verdict that she had died of exposure. She had lost her way when returning from making a call and had frozen to death.

The finding of the embalmed body of a 6-months-old baby in a dress-suit case at the Adams Express office in Philadelphia has furnished a mystery which the authorities are trying to solve. The suit case was found by inspectors who were going over unclaimed articles.

The annual report of the commissioner of the general land office shows that the total receipts for the year ended June 30 were \$7,585,524, an increase over the preceding year of \$307,713. The total area of the land disposed of was 19,431,187 acres, an increase of 2,374,565 acres.

George Estes, a negro, who shot and killed Deputy Sheriff Saseely and wounded Constable John Bowers, when the officers at Kales Point, Tenn., raided a crap game in which Estes was participating, was taken from a sheriff's posse by an armed mob at that place and hanged.

Indianapolis is to have 60-cent gas. The present price is 90 cents. A decisive victory for consumers was won in the United States Supreme Court when that body affirmed the right and power of the city to enforce its franchise contract with the old Consumers' Gas Trust Company.

For saying "To h—l with the President," Captain Henry R. Kraft of the steamship Bessie Smith was sentenced to one hour in prison in Pittsburgh, and served his term. The technical charge against him was obstructing a Federal officer, Kraft having made the offensive remark when ordering from his ship a United States marshal.

Believing that Lemuel Hill, an aged bachelor who died in Winona, Minn., a few days ago, went to his grave with a secret concerning a fortune that relatives supposed he had saved, searchers began to hunt on his farm at Pleasant Hill, Minn. They were rewarded after an all-day hunt by finding under the floor of the barn personal property belonging to the dead man valued at about \$50,000.

Wife abandonment has increased nearly 100 per cent within the last three years, according to figures prepared by President B. J. Brundage of the county board of Cook county, Ill. In 1902 557 deserted wives applied to the county agent for relief, while in 1905 639 asked help. The cost of assisting these women and their children for 1905 was \$14,126. Mr. Brundage thinks penitentiary sentences would be a cure.

The controversy as to who was the youngest soldier of the Civil War probably has been settled in favor of Perry Ryan of Seattle, Wash. He enlisted as a drummer boy in Company D, Twenty-fourth Iowa Volunteers, on Aug. 22, 1862, at the age of 9 years and 10 months. He was born Oct. 22, 1852, in Lane county, Ill., but enlisted from Mount Vernon, Iowa. The pension officers have investigated Ryan's papers and found his representations are correct. He will receive a large sum as back pension.

Prof. Fairfield Osborn of Columbia university came to Omaha from New York to examine a skull recently unearthed at a short distance north of Omaha by Robert F. Gilder, a local journalist with a penchant for scientific research. After a minute examination Prof. Osborn declared the skull to be that of the most primitive man yet discovered with the exception of what is known as the Neanderthal man found in Germany. The difference shown by measurements of the two skulls, according to Prof. Osborn, shows that the latter was a mere animal, while the Nebraska skull is that of a thinking man, although of the lowest order.

BREVITIES.

Rosemary Sartoris, granddaughter of President Grant, was quietly married at New York to George H. Wootton of Sierrita, Fla.

An accused murderer died in the Tombs at New York from poison believed to have been concealed in fruit sent him by friends of his alleged victim.

Charles W. Morse of New York has acquired the Mallory Steamship Line for \$9,000,000 and become master of the Atlantic coastwise steamship business.

Miss Nettie Brown, aged 25 years, said to be the daughter of D. C. Brown of Lincoln, Neb., committed suicide in the Catholic cathedral in Kansas City by taking carbolic acid.

A Brooklyn shoemaker was stabbed to death by an Italian from whom he demanded payment of a debt of \$35. His wife, who tried to protect her husband, also was wounded.

The Standard Oil Company, recently convicted at Findlay, Ohio, of conspiracy, escaped with a fine of \$5,000 through a construction placed on the Ohio anti-trust law by the court.

A band of revolutionists in St. Petersburg attacked a government cashier, who was going in a carriage from a subterranean with \$330,000, and after a battle got away with part of the money.

Grief-stricken and despondent because she believed her mother had been massacred by the Cossacks in Russia, Lena House committed suicide by taking carbolic acid at her home in Louisville. In an effort to have her pet dog buried with her, she gave the dog poison.

Hurrying to leave a train at Carr, Colo., Mrs. Mary Brown forgot to take her 6-months-old baby, which lay asleep on a seat. The woman did not miss the child until friends who met her inquired after it. The train had gone, but telegrams were quickly sent ahead of it, and the train was run back.

CORTELYOU ASKS MILLIONS.

Urges Congress to Give Postoffice Department \$15,000,000 More. Postmaster General Cortelyou has submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury for transmission to Congress estimates for the postoffice department and the postal service for the coming fiscal year. The amount asked for salaries in the postoffice department in Washington is \$1,528,020, being a net increase of \$121,530 over the appropriation for the current year, while the amount asked for the maintenance of the postal service is \$200,002,100, a net increase over the present appropriation of \$15,000,000.

The estimates last year were about \$12,000,000 in excess of the appropriation for the year before, so that the increase this year is about \$3,000,000 more than the increase last year. The apparently large increase in expenditures contemplated by the present estimates, according to the department, represents but a normal advance over the expenditures of last year, made necessary to meet the constantly growing needs of the service and the public demand for improved facilities.

The principal item for which increased appropriations are submitted are as follows:

Postmasters \$1,500,000
Clerks in first and second class offices 3,000,000
Chief hire for third class postmasters 150,000
Letter carriers 1,150,700
Postoffice building service 370,000
Railroad transportation 4,600,000
Waymail clerks 678,300
Foreign mail service 268,000
Manufacture of stamped envelopes 227,000
Rural delivery 1,475,000

A new item of \$300,000 for freight and expressage on supplies is incorporated to meet the requirements of the law passed at the last session of Congress, which it is expected will result in a considerable saving to the government.

FIXES THANKSGIVING DAY.

President Roosevelt Tells People They Have Cause to Rejoice. The President's proclamation naming Thursday, Nov. 29, as a day of thanksgiving is as follows:

The time of year has come when, in accordance with the wise custom of our forefathers, it becomes my duty to set aside a special day of thanksgiving and to praise to the Almighty because of the blessings we have received and of prayer that these blessings may be continued.

Yet another year of widespread well being has passed. Never before in our history or in the history of any other nation has a people enjoyed more abundant material prosperity than is ours—a prosperity so great that it should arouse in us no spirit of reckless pride and least of all a spirit of boastful disregard of our responsibilities, but rather a sober sense of our many blessings and a resolute purpose, under Providence, not to forfeit them by any action of our own.

Material well being, indispensable though it is, can never be anything but the foundation of true national greatness and happiness. If we build nothing upon this foundation then our national life will be as meaningless and empty as a house where only the foundation has been laid.

Upon our material well being must be built a superstructure of individual and national life lived in accordance with the laws of the highest morality or else our prosperity itself will in the long run turn out a curse instead of a blessing. We should be both reverently thankful for what we have received and earnestly bent upon turning it into a means of grace and not of destruction.

Accordingly I hereby set apart Thursday, the 29th day of November next, as a day of thanksgiving and supplication, on which the people shall meet in their homes or their churches devoutly to acknowledge all that has been given them and to pray that they may in addition receive the power to use these gifts aright.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this 22nd day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and six and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and thirty-first.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

By the President:
ELIHU ROOT, Secretary of State.

Labor's Share in Prosperity.

The United States bureau of labor has issued a report on the cost of living, wages and hours of labor covering a sixteen-year period beginning with 1890 and ending with 1905. The figuring shows that, although the prices of many staple commodities have gone up, the purchasing power of average wage earner for a shorter week's work has risen appreciably. For instance, comparing the average wage per hour in 1905 with that of 1894, it appears that there has been an increase of 21.5 per cent, while the average number of hours' work per week has decreased 3.9. Thus these figures show that the average wage earner with shorter hours makes 10.7 per cent more than he did in 1894. The estimate of the cost of food is based upon the average family consumption in 2,507 workingmen's families. According to this, the price of food has increased 12.7 above 1890 and 9.8 per cent above 1894. Thus the average wages would seem to purchase 7.7 per cent more food in 1905 than in 1894 and 8.1 more than in 1890. At the same time, these statistics show that the number employed has increased 42 per cent over 1894 and 40.9 over 1890. Thus the total amount paid in wages has been increased 65.7 per cent since 1894.

Sparks from the Wires.

Jacob Field, one of the best-known figures on the New York stock exchange, is to retire on Nov. 1.

Fanatical nomad bands have been mobilized in southern Morocco and are already in armed rebellion.

Three trainmen were killed in a Great Northern collision near Whitefish, Mont., when a passenger and freight train met.

E. C. Cox, former president of the Mid-disport, Ohio, bank, which failed a few days ago, has been indicted by the grand jury.

PLUNGE FROM BRIDGE

TROLLEY CARS ARE DEATH TRAPS FOR SEVENTY.

Fall Into Arm of Sea—Many Submerged in Twenty Feet of Water as Vehicles Leap Track Near Atlantic City.

Probably seventy persons were drowned Sunday by being plunged into the Thoroughfare—an arm of the sea—on the outskirts of Atlantic City, N. J. They were trapped in the three cars of an electric train from Camden on the West Jersey and Seashore Railroad. A twisted rail hurled the train from the bridge over the Thoroughfare to the water, fifteen feet below. Few of the 100 or so passengers escaped.

The catastrophe was even worse than the Meadows wreck of July 30, 1890. The road on which the wreck occurred is the New Jersey branch of the Pennsylvania. The train left Camden at 1 o'clock and was due at Atlantic City at 2:30. Most of the passengers had crossed the Delaware River ferry from Philadelphia to Camden.

Little Chance for Escape. For most of the passengers there was no opportunity of escape. The electric was running at good speed, although it had slowed down somewhat to cross the bridge. As the first car struck the twisted rail it leaped from the track, bumped along the ties for a few feet and plunged over the trestle to the water. It dragged the second coach with it. The rear car struck an abutment, which held it back for an instant, and then slid into the water. This brief delay allowed a few persons to escape.

A number of men and few women leaped out of the windows and the rear door and either fell into the water or caught hold of a post and were rescued. It is stated that fully 100 passengers were aboard, almost all of them crowded into the first and second cars. These were entombed.

Among the passengers were twenty men of the Royal Artillery Band, who were on their way here from Philadelphia. One or two bodies of the band men were recovered during the afternoon.

Water Twenty Feet Deep. The Thoroughfare divides Absecon Island, on which Atlantic City is situated, from the mainland. The bridge is half a mile from the center of the city. The water at that point was twenty feet deep at the time of the accident, it being flood-tide.

The entire city was thrown into a state of excitement as the news reached town. Fully 5,000 persons crowded the Meadows and the trestle, many relatives and friends of the passengers crying out in despair.

Chief of Police Maxwell had a cordon of police swung around the spot and Chief Black of the fire department called out his men and made them police temporarily.

It appears that the rail which was an outside one on the right-hand side coming down, must have been out of plumb about an eighth of an inch.

Heads Inward. The sharp flange of the electric train caught this and bent it inward. Had it spread instead of twisting inward the accident never would have happened. This twist threw the first car from the track and into the water, dragging the others with it.

A number of persons were rescued from the cars, badly injured and almost drowned, and were taken to the hospital in Atlantic City. It is believed most of them will die. Their rescue was accomplished by means of most daring work. At the peril of their lives men leaped into the water and fought with the tide to save those imprisoned within the cars.

The third car, which fell near the bank, was not entirely submerged at first, although the rising tide quickly swept over it. Holes were cut through the roof and a few persons were dragged out by this means.

The accident was witnessed by many people and rescue work was prompt. Strong swimmers endeavored to dive to the submerged cars in search of bodies, but so swift was the tide that they were forced to desist. Professional divers were then secured, who donned their armor and went down. But even they were unable to do anything against the tide that swirled around the sunken coaches.

Told in a Few Lines. Celestian Antoine, 80 years of age, shot and killed his wife at Chaffield, Minn., because of domestic trouble.

Reno Hutchinson, secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at Spokane, Wash., has been shot and killed by a highwayman.

Burgess Fox and Bill Frazier, white men employed in a mine near Salisbury, N. C., were killed by an explosion.

It is expected a compromise will be reached as to the will of Herman Oelrichs and that there will be no contest.

Fire at Jessup, Ga., destroyed the telephone exchange, the Strickland hotel and other buildings. The loss is \$20,000.

Ribbina manufacturers in New York decided to advance prices from 1/2 cent to 1/2 cent per yard on all lines.

The British steamer Arabistan, with \$3,000,000 gold on board, is believed to have been sunk during the West Indian hurricane.

Berlin has received in a favorable spirit the announcement that Secretary Root has named tariff experts to visit Germany.

"Wizard" Burbank of Los Angeles, Cal., in propagating an apple half red and half yellow. It is sweet on one side and sour on the other.

WILL BREAK PRECEDENT.

Roosevelt First President Leaving the Nation While in Office. President Roosevelt will soon set sail from New York on his trip to Panama to investigate personally the conditions and general situation in the canal zone, and he will not return to Washington, till the latter days of November. The trip will break precedent, for it is the first journey ever made to a foreign land by a President of the United States.

The trip will be made on the new battleship Louisiana. The two newest cruisers of the navy—the Washington and Tennessee—will act as convoys.

The President will be absent from the White House at least three weeks, as it will require fully six days each way to make the trip, and he desires to have a week for his investigation on the Isthmus. The President will be a busy man during this trip, and he will be particularly busy both before and immediately after it. What, with watching the Cuban situation, the opening of Congress, and making ready for his Panama trip, he will be rushed every minute up to the time he boards the warship. On his way to Panama he will continue the work on his message. On the return trip, if he does not encounter such a storm as prevented Secretary Taft from framing up his report on the Cuban situation, he will write such part of his message as will pertain to the canal. After his return to Washington and conference with Secretary Taft, he will conclude his message with his remarks on the Cuban situation.

In order to dispatch the large amount of work he will find it necessary to do, he will take with him a private secretary, and at least one stenographer. He will also be accompanied by a military and naval aid.

It is understood that word has been sent to the canal zone to have quarters at the Hotel Tivoli, at Ancon, on the line of the canal near Panama, arranged for the presidential party.

ILLINOIS BANK IS LOOTED.

Bandits Blow Up the Safe at Olin and Escape.

Holding fully 100 terrified citizens at bay, a band of robbers "shot up the town" of Olin, Ill., early Friday, deliberately dynamited the Olin bank, took \$5,000 from the wrecked safe, and escaped. Fully ten minutes elapsed after the robbers touched off the first charge of dynamite before they secured the booty. Bloodhounds and a posse started on the trail of the cracksmen.

While the robbers held 100 men at bay in order to get their booty, other residents of the town were arming. As a result a running battle took place when the cracksmen fled. More than 100 shots were exchanged, but the safe-blowers got away in the darkness. The robbers probably belong to the band that attempted to rob a bank at Vergennes, fifty miles south, Monday, and killed one man.

None of the citizens who engaged in the battle was hurt. It is not known whether any of the robbers were wounded. According to those in the fight, there were three or four robbers in the party.

The Bank of Olin is a private institution. It is capitalized at \$10,000.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

The Ohio State University at Columbus has issued a valuable bulletin on "Centralized Schools in Ohio." It shows by text and pictures the progress that is being made in the line of school consolidation in that State.

Kansas is to have a great corn-growing contest for boys this year. The indications now are that at least 6,000 boys will compete. One county has 480. J. H. Miller, State Institute secretary for the Kansas Agricultural College, has charge.—Exchange.

The report of Treasurer McClung of Yale university shows that the annual income has increased from \$920,000 to \$980,000 and that the expenses for the past year were \$918,000, a decrease of \$1,000. Of this, \$407,213 went to pay the salaries of professors and instructors. The total assets are \$8,250,000.

Miss Rose Byrne, a teacher in Plymouth county, Iowa, was dismissed by the school board on complaints general in character and without introducing evidence to substantiate the same. She appealed to the county superintendent, who ordered Miss Byrne reinstated in her position. The board appealed to the State superintendent, and set up the contention that the burden of proof was on the teacher. But State Superintendent Riggs takes the opposite view. In affirming the order for the teacher's reinstatement he says: "The charges were so general in character, and some of them so trivial, that full testimony from credible witnesses would be required to convince any court of review that they were sufficient to warrant the board in dismissing the teacher. Such testimony was not given before the board. When the case was before the board the burden of proof was unquestionably upon that body. The prosecution must establish the guilt or innocence, not the accused prove her innocence."—Exchange.

The school children of Kentucky have raised over \$6,000 for a statue of the late Stephen C. Foster, author of "My Old Kentucky Home." The work is to be done by W. L. Roop of Louisville, who has recently obtained in Pittsburgh a photograph of Mr. Foster, taken about 1858.

Thousands of girls and boys in the public schools of Kansas City are saving money. In the last six years they have deposited in the Missouri Savings bank, where school accounts are kept, a total of \$75,000. Of this amount \$57,000 has been withdrawn, leaving \$18,000 to the credit of school children.

CHANGES IN CABINET.

GENERAL SHIFT IN PRESIDENT'S FAMILY PLANNED.

Oscar S. Straus and George Von L. Meyer Will Take Office When Shaw and Moody Step Out—Personnel of Reorganized Body.

President Roosevelt announced Tuesday night the reorganization of his cabinet made necessary by the retirement of Attorney General Moody Jan. 1 and the retirement of Secretary Shaw of the Treasury Department March 4. The two new cabinet ministers will be George V. L. Meyer, now ambassador to Russia, as postmaster general and Oscar S. Straus of New York as secretary of Commerce and labor. Messrs. Cortelyou, Bonaparte and Metcalf will have new portfolios.

The reorganized cabinet will be as follows:

Secretary of State—Elihu Root of New York.

Secretary of the Treasury—George B. Cortelyou of New York.

Secretary of War—William H. Taft of Ohio.

Attorney General—Charles J. Bonaparte of Maryland.

Postmaster General—George von L. Meyer of Massachusetts.

Secretary of the Navy—Victor H. Metcalf of California.

Secretary of the Interior—Ethan Allen Hitchcock of Missouri.

Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson of Iowa.

Secretary of Commerce and Labor—Oscar Solomon Straus of New York.

Mr. Straus is a well-known New York merchant who was formerly a Democrat, but left the party on the free silver question, and has been a Republican since. He was minister to Turkey under Cleveland's second administration and was reappointed by McKinley. Mr. Straus is a Jew, and his appointment is remarkable from the fact that he is the first Jew to be a member of the cabinet of the United States.

BURTON IS IN JAIL.

Former Senator Incarcerated in Ironton (Mo.) Prison.

Ex-Senator J. Ralph Burton, the first United States Senator ever convicted of a crime while holding a seat in the Senate, has begun his term in jail at Ironton, Mo. The highest court in the land refused to intervene to save him from the six months' sentence imposed for having used his senatorial influence with the Postoffice Department to prevent the issuance of a fraud order against the Rialto Grain and Securities Company, a get-rich-quick concern which flourished in Missouri a few years ago.

When Burton, at that time a United States Senator from Kansas, was convicted of the crime of using his official station to make money unlawfully, it was said that he would never be punished for his offense. He himself believed it would be possible to obtain immunity for his acts and that the humiliation and discomfort of serving a term in prison would not be his. Immediately after his conviction an appeal was made to the higher courts and it went as far as the United States Supreme Court. It had the effect of delaying his punishment, but the Supreme Court denied his petition for a rehearing in the case, and the ex-Senator has begun his term in the little prison.

Riots Stop French Races.

The throng of spectators at the Long-champs course near Paris, last Sunday, was thrown into a panic by a riot in the betting ring, which culminated in the burning of the booths and the calling out of soldiers and firemen to save property and restore order. The rioters retreated when the soldiers arrived, but much damage had already been done. The disturbance was brought about by a bad start in the free handicap which left the favorite and three other horses at the post and enabled an outsider to win the race. The government next day took cognizance of the riot by announcing that there would be no more racing this season.

Washington on Race Riots.

In his address at the closing of the National Afro-American council at New York, Booker T. Washington spoke of the critical condition of the race problem in the South since the riots at Atlanta. He condemned strongly violence as a reprisal of violence. He declared that the negro race must stand together in defense of its rights, and urged the importance of the northern negro making the best possible sample of what the race could attain to. He pleaded for equal privileges, and insisted that if arms were permitted to be used by one race a like privilege should be conceded to the other.

Paris Dances Discarding Corsets.

There prevails at present an unprecedented corset crusade among the fashionable women of Paris, taking their cue from famous actresses. The society leaders have adopted the theory that the female figure is in reality more beautiful and graceful in its natural lines than with the construction and distortion of the corset. Since the empire style has come in the prevailing plan is to have the weight of the garments largely suspended from the shoulders.

Supreme Court Contempt Cases.

The answer of Sheriff Shipp of Hamilton county, Tenn., and nine deputies, to the charge of contempt made by the Supreme Court in connection with the lynching of a negro named Ed Johnson at Chattanooga last March after Johnson's appeal had been granted by the highest court, was filed at Washington, by ex-Attorney General Harison. The answer contends that the negro's case was not appealable, but that in any case the sheriff and his deputies did their best to prevent the lynching.

NERVOUS COLLAPSE

Sinking Spells, Headaches and Rheumatism All Yield to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mrs. Lizzie Williams, of No. 418 Cedar street, Quincy, Ill., says: "Ever since I had nervous prostration, about thirteen years ago, I have had periodical spells of complete exhaustion. The doctor said my nerves were shattered. My excitement or unusual activity would throw me into a state of listlessness. At the beginning my strength would come back in a moderate time after each attack, but the period of weakness kept lengthening until at last I would be helpless as many as three hours at a stretch. I had dizzy feelings, palpitation of the heart, misery after eating, hot flashes, nervous headaches, rheumatic pains in the back and hips. The doctor did me so little good that I gave up his treatment, and really feared that my case was incurable."

"When I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills my appetite grew keen, my food no longer distressed me, my nerves were quieted to a degree that I had not experienced for years and my strength returned. The fainting spells left me entirely after I had used the third box of the pills, and my friends say that I am looking better than I have done for the past fifteen years."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are recommended for diseases that come from impoverished blood such as anemia, rheumatism, debility and disorders of the nervous system such as neuralgia, nervous prostration and partial paralysis. They have cured the most stubborn indigestion. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills agree with the most delicate stomach, quiet all nervousness, stir up every organ to do its proper work and give strength that lasts.

Sold by all druggists, or sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Merely His Way.

"When they opened old Snorkle's will they found he had made the queer provision that his wife should use the name of his Uncle Hinkley as her own maiden name henceforth."

"That's nothing strange. When he was alive he was always putting things in his wife's name."

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or ringing in the ears. If it becomes entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Stretching It.

An American visiting Dublin told some startling stories about the height of some of the New York buildings. An Irishman who was listening stood it as long as he could, and then queried:

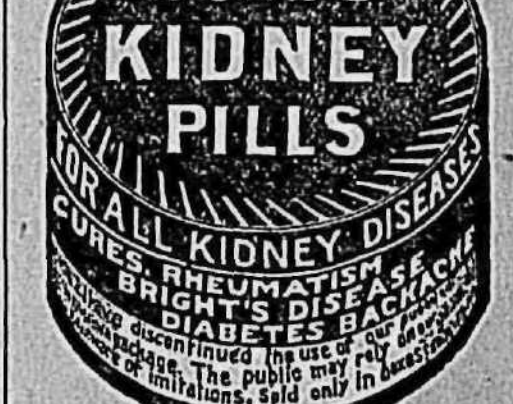
"Ye haven't seen our newest hotel, have ye?"

The American thought not.

"Well," said the Irishman, "it's so tall that we had to put the two top stories on hinges."

"Want for?" asked the American.

"So we could let 'em down till the moon went by," said Pat.



Canadian Government FREE FARMS

Over 20,000 American farmers who have settled in Canada during the past few years testify to the fact that Canada is the greatest question, the greatest farming land in the world.

Over Ninety Million Bushels

of wheat from the harvest of 1906, means good money to the farmers of Western Canada when the world has to be fed. Cattle raising, Dairying, Mixed farming are also profitable callings. Coal, wood, water, churches, schools and a convenient market are easy of access. Taxes low. For advice and information address the Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or the authorized Canadian Government agent, W. D. Scott, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or J. J. Broughton, Room 330, Quincy Building, Chicago, Ill., Authorized Government Agents.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

A Positive CURE FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Trial size 10 cts. by mail.

Ely Brothers, 56, Warren Street, New York.

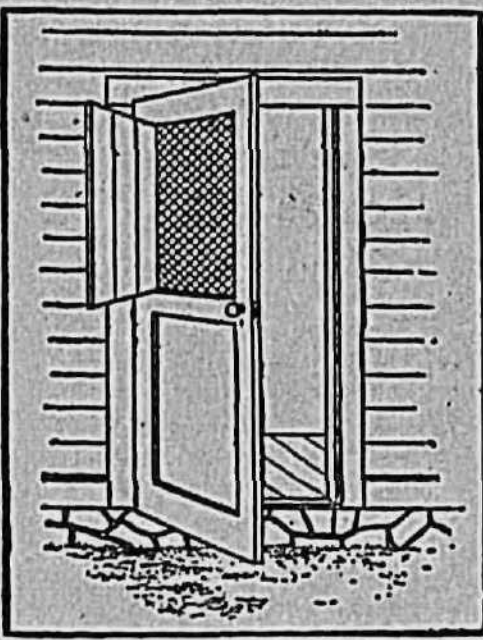
For Sale: SHAWNEE IMPROVED FARM. Price \$250, easy terms. 2444 First Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

B. N. U. No. 44-1904

Agents Wanted Everywhere for the best made and best selling American "Columbia" Co., 1400 State St., Chicago.

FARMERS' CORNER

Convenient Hen House Door.
It is frequently desired to allow ventilation through the henhouse without opening the doors so that the fowls may get out. An arrangement which makes this possible is shown in the cut, consisting of an opening in the upper half of the door, inside of which a screen is placed. This allows ventilation in the henhouse without draft upon the birds. Ordinary poultry netting may be used in the opening, with a tight boarded shutter to be closed in stormy weather and at night. Thorough ventilation of the henhouse is very essential, since hens need fresh air quite as badly as they need fresh water, and modern henhouses are being



A VENTILATING DOOR.

built tight, so that sufficient ventilation must be provided for through ventilating flues or openings in the windows and doors.—Farm and Home.

Care of the Cow's Teats.
The care of the teats should always be observed by the milker, and when they get hard and rough should be anointed with vaseline, as cracked teats are an annoyance to the milker, hurtful to the cow and have a tendency to lessen the flow of milk. Long fingernails are also a discomfiter to the cow, and the milker should keep them well pared to avoid trouble.

Some cows will not give down their milk for some milkers as readily as to others, and it is often necessary to change milkers and try to find one whom the cow takes a liking to and for whom she will give it down. The holding up of the milk has a tendency to lessen the secretion and consequently the flow.

Essential of a Silo.
The proper construction of the silo is of the greatest importance. If the sides of the silo are not airtight, too much air is admitted and the silage will spoil. If the walls are not perfectly rigid the presence of the silage will cause them to spring out, thus allowing air to enter between the silage and the wall, and, again, the result is decayed silage.

Before building a silo the most careful attention should be given to location, size, form and method of construction. These will differ somewhat according to locality and individual needs.—Farming.

To Stretch Fence Wire.
Go to the woods and cut a wide spreading fork, three inches in diameter at butt end, and three feet to each



FOR STRETCHING WIRE.

rotch. Cut off fork branches so as to have three feet spread at wire. Use both as lever and windlass, as shown in diagram. Staple wire on top and drive large nail in post beneath to hold in place. Now wind up and staple. Can stretch eighty rods at one time.

Cost of Raising Potatoes.
An estimate of the cost of growing potatoes in Michigan recently made places the figure at 14 cents, which sounds very low, says American Cultivator, but at the same time a grower in Waldo County, Maine, reaches exactly the same conclusion, having grown 216 bushels for \$30.24, which would be 14 cents per bushel. Some of his items, however, sound rather under-estimated. He figures for plowing and harrowing \$3, planting, \$3.50, seed \$8, fertilizer, 800 pounds, \$11.75, harvesting \$2, paring green applied \$1, digging and storing \$0.

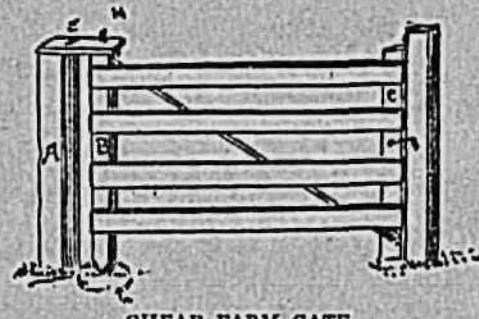
Improving Live Stock.
Improvement by selection has made the live stock of this country more valuable. It was once supposed that a three-minute gait in trotting horses was very fast, and the four-mile running horses barely accomplished the distance in eight minutes. A 60-pound sheep was large, and the razor-back hog was on every farm. To-day we have trotting horses that have gotten close to a mile in two minutes, the runner has nearly

reached a minute and a half, while sheep that weigh 400 pounds alive are not rare.

Use and Value of the Silo.
The use and value of the silo has made phenomenal progress throughout the country during recent years. In 1883 the United States Agricultural Department reported only ninety silos in the country. The recent report finds approximately 500,000. Formerly the benefits of the silo were almost wholly unknown to the average farmer; now it is found to be a necessity on thousands of farms. This is especially true in the corn belt, where the silo is almost a necessity in economical dairying. Recent experiments prove conclusively that the use of silage is quite as much of a necessity in beef production. It not only provides a palatable, succulent, healthy food, but enables the farmer to keep about twice the number of live stock as before the advent of the silo. It not only produces nearly double the quantity of dairy products and beef, but augments the fertility of the soil. The silo is here to stay, and every farmer should plan to have one. With all its other advantages, there is no other way that roughage can be so cheaply stored.

Fall Plowing.
It sometimes happens that one has to plow sod whenever the opportunity presents itself for doing the work, without reference to whether the time chosen is the best or not. Some arguments might be advanced in favor of early fall plowing, while late fall plowing also has its advantageous features. If plowing is done early in the fall, say, in September or October, it is usually necessary to do a little disking before the ground freezes up, otherwise the grass may make considerable growth, and this in turn prevents the sod from decaying. If one has the available horse power and also the time to do the work, bluestem sod may be brought into fine condition by plowing it early and afterwards disking it. The ordinary method is to plow late in the fall. If the sod is turned over completely with but little buckling, the grass will make but little headway, and consequently a saving of labor will be effected, as compared with early plowing.—Field and Farm.

Gate for the Farm.
This gate can be made from the farmer's wood pile. A is main post, B is a post 4 inches in diameter, setting on a stone, D, about 10 inches thick, half in the ground, with a depression in center, post B made to fit it. Bore 1 1/4-inch holes, put hardwood in and wedge the same at post S. E is a piece of 2-inch plank with hole to hold post B. F is



CHEAP FARM GATE.

a brace from B to C. This gate will last for many years and will swing either way.

How to Drive a Well.
In many sections of the country where there is a gravelly sub-strata, the obtaining of water is a comparatively simple matter by means of a driven well, says Farming. The method is as follows: A section of pipe (a convenient size being inch and a quarter) is fitted with a point of iron. This pipe is bored full of holes, which are covered with a brass gauze. The point is driven into the ground by a sledge hammer and five-foot sections of galvanized iron pipe are joined to it as it is driven into the ground. Frequent tests are made with a pitcher pump to discover when water has been reached. This method of obtaining water is not altogether satisfactory, because from the very nature of things the work has to be done blindly, and very often one is obliged to give up entirely after having driven twenty or thirty feet of pipe through quicksand from which no water can be obtained.

Scarcity of Quail.
Quail starved to death by thousands in the winter of 1904-05, but last winter they had an easy time except in February and March. From Massachusetts to Indiana the quail are so scarce that restocking has become necessary. The birds for this purpose are hard to find. More than 100,000 have been captured in Alabama and the southwest, where they still occur in abundance, and have been shipped north for breeding. Even this supply is inadequate, and may not last long. The quail is perhaps our most popular game bird, and a market will be found for all that can be procured. Complete success has been had in raising them on a small scale. Why should not some one go into the business on such a scale that he could turn out 100,000 quail per year?—Country Life in America.

World's Sheep Supply.
This country is beginning to gain slowly in its number of sheep and yield of wool. But here the lamb and mutton demand has developed so rapidly that from this cause the increase is slower than in some other countries. Argentina seems to stand at the head now in numbers, having 74,370,662 head, and Australia 72,322,018. Russia is third, with about 53,000,000, and the United States next, with 45,170,423. The United Kingdom claims 20,070,777. France has 17,900,985 sheep, against Germany's 7,907,173. Cape Colony has 11,318,829 sheep and Natal 729,762.

Pattern Department

UP-TO-DATE DESIGNS FOR THE HOME DRESSMAKER

Dainty Tucked Eton.
Far from showing suggestion of a waning popularity Eton jackets increase in favor as the season advances. They are still among the best liked short wraps and will be favorites for the coming season. Our sketch shows a charming design for such a jacket. The model is of white mohair, with white silk braid. The three shoulder tucks extend to bust depth in front and run all the way to the belt in the back.



PATTERN NO. 1530.

This gives a pretty fullness to the front. The jacket may be worn open with the reverses turned back, or closed, as shown in small sketch.

The above pattern will be mailed to your address on receipt of 10 cents. Send all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give both the number and size of pattern wanted, and write very plainly. For convenience, write your order on the following coupon:

Order Coupon.
No. 1530.

NAME
ADDRESS

Natty Russian Suit.
For the transitional period in a boy's dress, before he can be put into trousers, there is no style more satisfactory than the jaunty one known as the Russian.



PATTERN NO. 1531.

sian. This, as most mothers know, consists of a long, loose blouse coming just above the knees, and full knickerbockers reaching just below the knees, or a couple of inches below the lower edge of the blouse. The style is a boyish one, and for that reason is always popular with the small person himself. It relieves him from the ignominy of skirts, and the blouse is not long or loose enough to be in his way. The little suit shown here is quite smart and mannish, just the right lines, and can be very satisfactorily copied by any home dressmaker.

The above pattern will be mailed to your address on receipt of 10 cents. Send all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give both the number and size of pattern wanted, and write very plainly. For convenience, write your order on the following coupon:

Order Coupon.
No. 1531.

NAME
ADDRESS

Little About Everything.
Running lessens the blood supply in the legs.
Fewer married men than bachelors commit suicide.
Erysipelas is now classed as a contagious disease.
The United States has the highest murder rate of any country in the world.

A. A. Aal is a St. Louis merchant who uses but two letters in signing his name.

Senator Pettus, of Alabama, is wearing a pair of eyeglasses he purchased in 1895.

Edward Bailey introduced mercury as the liquid for use in thermometers in 1680.

No child, young girl or woman can be employed more than sixty hours a week in Canada, and the law is strictly enforced.

THE PUBLIC

Professor James Laurence Laughlin, who says that if the United States does not enter into a reciprocity treaty with Germany the latter country will declare a prohibitive tariff against American products, has been chief of the department of political economy in the University of Chicago since 1892.



PROF. LAUGHLIN. He was born at Deerfield, Ohio, in 1850, was graduated from Harvard in 1873 and since that time has had a notable career as teacher and author. In 1895 he prepared for the government of San Domingo a scheme of monetary reform that subsequently was adopted. Professor Laughlin was a member of the monetary commission appointed by the Indianapolis monetary conference in 1897, and is considered an authority on monetary subjects.

Princeton, Ind., has a preacher who believes in printers' ink. The town has three daily papers and every Saturday Rev. H. G. Otto, pastor of the Christian Church, runs a display "ad" in these papers inviting the people to come and hear his sermon on the following Sabbath. His "ads" are written in an attractive way and Rev. Mr. Otto says his attendance has greatly increased since he began to use printers' ink. Rev. Mr. Otto says a church has as much right to advertise as anything else and he thinks the time will come when other churches will advertise their wares. In this day and age he thinks a preacher who does not advertise is behind the times.



Rev. Dr. Sheldon Jackson, general agent of the United States in charge of education in Alaska, has had notoriety thrust upon him in a manner that has been anything but agreeable. The doctor, however, makes a flat denial of the charge that government funds have been diverted toward the support of sectarian missions in Alaska and that he is responsible for the official crookedness. The accusation was made by Frank C. Churchill, a special agent of the Interior Department, who was sent to Alaska to investigate. No one, not even the officials of the government, believes that the doctor—an estimable man—is anything more than the victim of an unfortunate mistake.



REV. DR. JACKSON. is responsible for the official crookedness. The accusation was made by Frank C. Churchill, a special agent of the Interior Department, who was sent to Alaska to investigate. No one, not even the officials of the government, believes that the doctor—an estimable man—is anything more than the victim of an unfortunate mistake.

Brigadier General John J. Pershing, who attained his new rank from a captivity by order of President Roosevelt, owes his preferment to the soldierly qualities displayed at San Juan and in the campaign in the Philippines. General Pershing jumps over the heads of nearly 1,000 officers who ranked him as captain, which has stirred up quite a fuss in the army.



GEN. J. J. PERSHING. General Pershing was in the West Point class of 1886 and has repeatedly distinguished himself in the service during native insurrections. He virtually subdued the insurrection of Mindanao.

John W. Yerkes, commissioner of internal revenue, who has issued the department regulations controlling the making and handling of denatured alcohol, is enthusiastic in his predictions of what it will accomplish in the industrial world as an agent of light, heat and power. Mr. Yerkes is preparing for an increased force, especially in field and chemical work, to carry out the new regulations.



Wife Baptizes Husband.
The unusual spectacle of a woman evangelist baptizing her husband was witnessed at Kokomo, Ind., when Mrs. May Foster completed a series of revival meetings by baptizing thirty persons in the river. Her husband was the last of the thirty to receive the rite.

Silk Industry in Oklahoma.
George E. Gardner, who is acknowledged in Oklahoma to be the corn king because of his successful efforts in developing corn-raising in that part of the country, has begun the cultivation of the white mulberry tree, to develop the raw silk industry. Already he has a number of silk worms feeding on the mulberry leaves and at work spinning cocoons, and has submitted samples of the thread to Secretary Wilson.

The Duchess of D'Aosta made a balloon ascension from Milan, Italy.

COMMERCIAL FINANCIAL

Chicago. The course of business maintains steady advance, and notwithstanding a high bank rate, demands on production project farther into the future. With plants behind on orders in important lines and contemplated additions to capacity, it is clear that consumption has attained unprecedented force and the general trade outlook can be regarded as encouraging.

Distributive dealings again have expanded. More buyers appear in the jobbing trades for staples and holiday goods, while the seasonable weather helps materially in reducing retail stocks in both city and country. A tendency toward increased cost of supplies enters into manufacturing operations, but the main conditions reflect strength, and the need of additional force is more evident in the iron working branches. Buying of raw materials continues very heavy, with prices firm at the highest level and slightly higher than a week ago for iron ore, crude steel and domestic hides.

Disappointing receipts of lumber for two weeks add to difficulty in obtaining adequate requirements, and smaller arrivals of live stock interfere with packing. With these exceptions the movement of commodities remains of enormous aggregate, being to a larger extent than usual made up of heavy factory outputs and general merchandise. There is increasing complaint of slow deliveries by rail, yet mercantile collections are reasonably prompt and no serious defaults appear to disturb the confidence of sellers.

Current commitments in the manufacturing divisions, owing to the crowded condition of bookings, have to be mostly entered for execution during the coming year. Further demand is noted upon rail mill capacity, but the greatest pressure is upon the furnaces, plate mills, shipyards and car shops. Much of the volume of future work will add to transportation facilities, but there also is a great deal for new buildings, power, machinery and agricultural uses. Other lines of activity make an exceptional showing in wood-working, furniture, footwear and heavy hardware, but in most of these the raw material is not readily obtained and cost involves close figuring.

Failures reported in the Chicago district numbered 21, against 26 last week and 23 a year ago.—Dunn's Review of Trade.

New York. Trade is unprecedentedly active for the season.

Retail trade has broadened out, with consequent increase of the re-order demand from jobbers, and there is rather more doing on spring account. Higher prices for cotton have helped Southern trade, inducing freer marketing and enlarging country trade and collections. Good reports also come from the central West and Atlantic coast points, where weather conditions have improved. Something like an unfavorable cross current is visible in the Northwest, where car congestion and overflowing country elevators are complained of as affecting marketing of wheat. The grain trade generally also complains of the car congestion causing losses, owing to export business being delayed. This week's reports of grain shipments, however, show large exports of both flour and wheat from both coasts. Strikes of grain handlers curtail shipments from some Pacific ports. Reports of labor scarcity are still well-nigh universal, and the movement of the cotton crop, the shipments of lumber, the outputs of coal, and the deliveries of various mills are still restricted from this cause or by reason of inadequate car supply. Voluntary wage increases are reported in numerous lines, but agitations for higher compensation are numerous among railway employees.—Bradstreet's Commercial Report.

THE MARKETS

Chicago.—Cattle, common to prime, \$1.00 to \$7.00; hogs, prime heavy, \$4.00 to \$5.50; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$5.50; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 2, 44c to 45c; oats, standard, 32c to 33c; rye, No. 2, 64c to 65c; hay, timothy, \$10.00 to \$16.50; prairie, \$6.00 to \$14.00; butter, choice creamery, 18c to 20c; eggs, fresh, 22c to 27c; potatoes, 30c to 43c.

Detroit.—Cattle, \$1.00 to \$5.35; hogs, \$4.00 to \$6.05; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 75c to 76c; corn, No. 3 yellow, 48c to 49c; oats, No. 3 white, 35c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 66c to 68c.

Milwaukee.—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 74c to 77c; corn, No. 3, 44c to 45c; oats, standard, 33c to 34c; rye, No. 1, 63c to 65c; barley, standard, 54c to 56c; pork, mess, \$14.00.

Butte.—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$6.00; hogs, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$6.50; sheep, common to good mixed, \$4.00 to \$5.50; lambs, fair to choice, \$5.00 to \$7.40.

New York.—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$6.05; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 77c to 78c; corn, No. 2, 53c to 55c; oats, natural white, 38c to 40c; butter, creamery, 20c to 27c; eggs, western, 22c to 25c.

Toledo.—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 74c to 76c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 47c to 48c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 34c to 36c; rye, No. 2, 62c to 64c; clover seed, \$8.17.

THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN



1529—Siege of Vienna abandoned by the Turks.

1610—First Duke of Ormonde, chief supporter of the Stuart cause in Ireland, born. Died July 21, 1688.

1622—Peace of Montpellier, ending the Huguenot wars.

1728—City of Copenhagen, Denmark, nearly destroyed by fire.

1775—Continental Congress adopted the Pine Tree Flag.

1777—Gen. Gates defeated Gen. Burgoyne at Saratoga.

1770—End of siege at Savannah, Ga.

1781—Americans and British opened battle at Yorktown, Va.

1783—American Congress voted to disband the Revolutionary army on Nov. 2.

1707—Bonaparte and Austrian Emperor concluded treaty of Campo Formio.

1906—Battle of Halle.

1812—Second battle of Polotsk... French military forces abandoned Moscow.

1813—Bonaparte defeated at Leipzig.

1815—Island of Jamaica devastated by a hurricane.

1826—Last lottery sanctioned by the English government held.

1834—Old Houses of Parliament, London, burned.

1842—Grace Darling died.

1848—Mormon temple at Nauvoo, Ill., destroyed.

1850—Fatal panic at the Surrey Gardens music hall in London.

1862—The Confederate, Gen. Morgan, occupied Lexington, Ky.

1863—Departments of the Cumberland and Mississippi consolidated and placed under command of Gen. Grant.

1864—Gen. Sheridan victor at battle of Cedar Creek, Va.

1871—President Grant suspended writ of habeas corpus in nine counties of South Carolina.

1874—Marriage of Gen. Frederick D. Grant and Miss Ida M. Honore.

1898—Spanish evacuation of Porto Rico officially completed.

1890—Arthur T. Hadley assumed the presidency of Yale University....

Rev. Dr. W. H. P. Faunce installed as president of Brown University....

Boers defeated by the British at battle of Dundee Hill.

1901—Bi-centennial of Yale University celebrated.

1902—Lord Kitchener appointed to command the British forces in India....

Typhoon on coast of Japan; 50,000 houses destroyed.... Total eclipse of the moon.

1903—Crescent trotted mile in 1:50 1/4.... Alaskan boundary fixed.

1904—President Roosevelt invited powers to second peace conference at The Hague.... President directed Secretary Taft to go to Panama to reassure people of the pacific intentions of the United States.

1905—President Roosevelt departed from Washington on a tour of the Southern States.

RANCHES BECOME CITIES.

Fortunes Being Made in Transforming Texas Panhandle.

The western land fever which some years ago attacked Oklahoma and then shifted to Canada, is now raging virulently in Texas. In the last two years practically all the big ranches in the Texas Panhandle have been bought by land companies. These have arranged with the railroads to run excursion trains from the far east as Indianapolis at half fare. Their eastern agents gather up the farmers who will come, and these are all bunched at Kansas City, Wichita or El Reno, and there westerners who know the land thoroughly and can talk a mummy into a purchase take charge.

Amarillo, Texas, is the center of the big land boom. Two years ago it was a little shipping point, the center of the big L.X. ranch, with several hundred "inhabitants." To-day it has 8,000, and mighty people have to sleep on the streets for lack of accommodations. The old ranch was 27 miles wide and 10 long, and was all under fence. There were 1,200 sections, or nearly 770,000 acres. The company bought the land originally for 29 cents an acre.

The land boom in the Panhandle began when the company that owned the ranch divided it up into sections and began offering it at from \$1,500 to \$2,500 a section. A fourth of the land is yet unsold, but the company has gathered in six millions for the land disposed of. Its sale value is now from \$10 to \$20 an acre. There are other big ranches in the Panhandle, out in the Big Bend, as they call it. These are all being cut up and offered to the hungry land seekers.

There'll be a lot of dead towns in the Panhandle when the bottom drops out of this boom, as it will; but while it lasts the folks are having a good time. Men who had nothing a few years ago are rich now. Two-thirds of the business blocks are occupied by land agents.

From Far and Near.

Mrs. Lydia W. Clark died in Victoria, N. J., aged 97 years, leaving ninety-seven descendants.

Gov. Magoon reports finding over 1,600 insane in the national asylum at Havana in quarters built for not to exceed 400.

NEIGHBORING TOWNS.

LAKE VILLA, ILL.

H. Potter was a Chicago visitor the last of the week.

G. V. Cording is a business visitor in Chicago this week.

William Van Patten and wife visited in Libertyville Sunday.

B. F. Van Patten of Antioch visited his son William Monday.

Miss Louise Lehman visited with home folks in Silver Lake Sunday.

Mrs. William Snyder and daughter spent Saturday and Sunday in Chicago.

James Kerr is putting a galvanized ceiling in the new Gonyo store at Loon Lake.

Mrs. T. Armstrong was spending several days with home folks at Antioch the first of the week.

Michael Murphy and Albert Foster of Chicago spent Sunday with Will Hucker and family.

Charles Hamlin has purchased a new furnace of James Kerr and is having it installed in his new home.

Miss Emma Witt, who has been visiting friends in Waukegan and Lake Forest for the past week, returned home Friday.

Albert Peterson of Chicago visited Dr. Morrell Sunday. While here he superintended the housing of his yacht Helen.

Lake Villa is to have a pool room. Fred Hamlin has rented the basement of the Hamlin block and will open as soon as possible.

The Ladies Aid society will meet with Mrs. R. Thayer, Nov. 7. Supper served from 5 to 8 p. m. All visitors are welcome. Supper 10 cents.

Souvenir postal cards were received Monday morning from Emil Dillington, formerly of Allendale farm, who entered the navy last spring. He is now in Port Said, Egypt, with the cruiser Colorado.

When the tip of a dog's nose is cold and moist, that dog is not sick. A feverish dry nose means sickness with a dog. And so with the human lips. Dry, cracked and colorless lips means feverishness, and are as well ill appearing. To have beautiful pink, velvet-like lips, apply at bedtime a coating of Dr. Shoop's Green Salve. It will soften and heal any skin ailment. Get a free, trial box, at our store, and be convinced. Large nickel capped glass jars, 25 cents. All Dealers.

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Miss Leta Clark has been quite ill the past few days.

Miss Wheeler spent Sunday with her sister in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Morrill intend moving to Chicago soon.

Mr. and Mrs. Ormsby, Sr., of Warren are moving into the Burge cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Loyd of Chicago visited F. C. Wilbur and family over Sunday.

Marshall and Lyman Atwell of Chicago visited their parents here over Sunday.

Mrs. Lawson of Chicago was the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. Parker, over Sunday.

Mrs. Nicholas Smith and Mrs. Merab Forvor visited in Waukegan from Thursday until Monday.

The Ladies Aid society will meet at the home of Mrs. A. W. Thomson on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 7. Visitors welcome.

The entertainment given by the little folks at the Congregational church on Friday was very good and some over nine dollars was cleared.

Mrs. Ormsby and Mrs. Len Burge have purchased R. B. Godfrey's stock of merchandise and are now invoicing. Mr. Godfrey contemplates going to England.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Higley entertained a number of their relatives and a few friends at their home on Saturday evening and all present had a delightful time. Those present from away were their son, Howard Higley and wife, and Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Lewis of Libertyville, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Galloway and Dr. and Mrs. Somerville of Chicago.

MILLBURN, ILL.

Miss Jessie Jamieson is at home, sick with inflammatory rheumatism.

Rev. and Mrs. Safford returned from their two weeks vacation last Saturday.

Miss Alice Jamieson visited over Saturday night with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Jamieson.

Mrs. Mary Bater and daughter Carrie have been visiting for a few days with friends in Kenosha.

Mrs. Jamieson, Bain, Stephens and Thain returned Friday night from Springfield where they attended the Eastern Star Convention.

A. H. Stewart returned home on Friday

last from North Hampton, Ohio, where he has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. Edna Pember.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. White who have been to Nebraska to visit with their son Ernest, returned home on Tuesday last and report a most delightful trip.

Mrs. J. A. Strang and Mrs. Susan Van Alstine received word of the death of their mother, which occurred Monday morning at the home of her son at Warrenton. The funeral was held on Wednesday.

RUSSELL, ILL.

Mr. F. D. Newell has purchased a new piano.

Roy Alecock made a trip to Chicago on Saturday.

Miss Ruby Nellie spent part of the week in Waukegan.

Miss Agnes McNamara is visiting relatives in Chicago.

Wally Rasmussen has moved into the new Burk hotel.

Mr. Robert Hatch of Chicago, is visiting at home for a few days.

Mr. Chill Siver of Waukegan, was a Russell caller on Tuesday.

Miss Thomas spent Saturday and Sunday at her home in Libertyville.

Don't forget the pie social of the church on Friday evening, November 2.

Miss Stella Dixon visited relatives at Gurnee the fore part of the week.

E. A. Reeves returned home on Sunday from a trip in the west and north.

George Mixdorf and family have moved on the McGavie farm west of Russell.

TREVOR, WIS.

Mr. Brady spent last week in Chicago.

John Patrick transacted business in Kenosha Monday.

Rev. Chapman and family of Bristol visited with Mrs. Havens on Friday.

The Ladies Aid society which met with Mrs. Sheen on Thursday was well attended.

Mrs. Schmickamp of Burlington spent Monday and Tuesday with her son, Wm. Schmickamp and family.

The teachers and scholars of Trevor school are preparing for a box social to be held in the school house Friday evening, Nov. 2.

Mrs. Havens and Mrs. Cooper left on Saturday for Denver, Col., where they will spend the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. George Booth and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Booth and Mrs. Beasley and daughter left on Thursday for Long Beach Cal, where they will spend the winter.

For the Children

To succeed these days you must have plenty of grit, courage, strength. How is it with the children? Are they thin, pale, delicate? Do not forget Ayer's Sarsaparilla. You know it makes the blood pure and rich, and builds up the general health in every way.

The children cannot possibly have good health unless the bowels are in proper condition. Correct any constipation by giving small laxative doses of Ayer's Pills. All vegetable, sugar-coated.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Also manufacturers of

HAIR VIGOR.

AGUE CURE.

CHEKRY PECTORAL.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

The new pure food and drug law will mark it on the label of every cough cure containing opium, chloroform, or any other stupefying or poisonous drug. But it passes Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure as made for 20 years, entirely free. Dr. Shoop all along has bitterly opposed the use of all opiates or narcotics. Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is absolutely safe even for the youngest babe—and it cures. It does not simply suppress. Get a safe and reliable cough cure, by simply insisting on having Dr. Shoop's. Let the law be your protection. We cheerfully recommend and sell it. All dealers.

Growth of the Finger Nail. For a finger nail to reach its full length, an average of seven-twelfths of an inch, from 121 to 138 days of growth are necessary.

Made Happy for Life.

Great happiness came to the home of S. C. Blair, school superintendent, at St. Albans, W. Va., when his little daughter was restored from the dreadful complaint he names. He says: "My little daughter had St. Vitus' Dance, which yielded to no treatment but grew steadily worse until as a last resort we tried Electric Bitters; and I rejoice to say, three bottles effected a complete cure." Quick, sure cure for nervous complaints, general debility, female weakness, impoverished blood and malaria. Guaranteed by J. H. Swan, drug store. Price 50c

HOARSE COUGHS STUFFY COLDS

QUICKLY CURED BY

Foley's Honey and Tar

There is no case on record of a cold resulting in Pneumonia, or other serious lung trouble, after Foley's Honey and Tar had been taken.

It will cure the most obstinate racking cough, and heals and strengthens the lungs.

Foley's Honey and Tar has cured many cases of incipient Consumption and even in the last stages will always give comfort and relief.

Foley's Honey and Tar gives quick relief to Asthma sufferers, as it relieves the difficult breathing at once.

Remember the name—Foley's Honey and Tar—and refuse substitutes that cost you the same as the genuine. Do not take chances with some unknown preparation.

Contains no opiates.

Cured of Terrible Cough on Lungs. "N. Jackson of Danville, Ill., writes: 'My daughter had a severe attack of La Grippe and a terrible cough on her lungs. We tried a great many remedies without relief. She tried Foley's Honey and Tar, which cured her. She has never been troubled with a cough since.'"

Consumption Cured.

Foley & Co., Chicago. Dana, Ind. Gentlemen:—Foley's Honey and Tar cured me of Consumption after I had suffered two years and was almost desperate. Three physicians failed to give me any relief and the last one said he could do me no good. I tried almost every medicine I heard tell of without benefit, until Foley's Honey and Tar was recommended to me. Its effect right from the start was magical. I improved steadily from the first dose and am now sound and well, and think Foley's Honey and Tar is a God-send to people with Throat and Lung Trouble. Yours very truly, MRS. MARY AMBROSE.

Three sizes—25c, 50c, \$1.00. The 50 cent size contains two and one-half times as much as the small size and the \$1.00 bottle almost six times as much.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY JAMES H. SWAN

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood. If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries. It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle by mail. Home of Swamp-Root, free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Pneumonia Follows a Cold, but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar. It stops the cough, has a and strengthens the lungs and prevents pneumonia.

J. C. JAMES, JR., UNDERTAKER.
Licensed Embalmer
Licensed by the State Board of Health



Preventives, as the name implies, prevent all colds and grippe when "taken at the anecho stage." Preventives are toothsome candy tablets. Preventives dissipate all colds quickly, and taken early, when you first feel that a cold is coming, they check and prevent them. Preventives are thoroughly safe for children, and as effective for adults. Sold and recommended in 5 cent and 25 cent boxes by all dealers.

DR. E. FORD GAVIN

Graduate of St. Luke's Hospital, Chicago
Surgeon to Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, Waukegan

Surgeon to McAllister Hospital, Waukegan

SPECIALIST

IN

GENERAL & SPECIAL SURGERY

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
The Removal of Superfluous Hair and Treatment of Various Blemishes of the Face
Spectacles and Eye Glasses Fitted at Lowest Prices

HOURS:—8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m. 7 to 8 p. m. except Thursday afternoons Sunday 10 to 12 a. m.

Office in "Cables" WAUKEGAN, ILL.

J. C. James, Jr.,

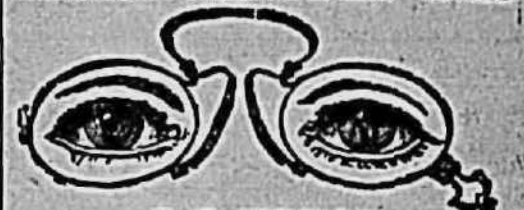
Justice of the Peace
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PRUDENTIAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED



C. F. INGALLS
Jeweler and Optician,
112 Genesee St. Waukegan, Ill

DR. MORRELL

DENTIST

Lake Villa - - - Illinois

Office in the new Hamlin Building
Nothing but the best of material used and all work guaranteed.

Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays by appointment.

Telephone Lake Villa 373

SATURDAY, NOV. 10

Owing to delay of the contractors to finish the building on time, the Globe Department Store, at Waukegan, will not have their opening until

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10

The proprietors and help are working night and day placing the immense stock in shape and Lake County people will, upon the opening day, see a store and goods the equal, if not the superior, of Chicago stores. Do not fail to attend the opening on

SATURDAY, NOV. 10

JOHNE SIBLEY

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Will furnish all kinds of

LUMBER

in carload lots for building purposes and at prices that will astonish you

See him before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHN E. SIBLEY, Antioch, Ill.

Just Received a New Line of

Men's, Boy's and Youth's Working Shoes.

Also a Full Line of

Mishawaha and Goodyear Glove Rubber Footwear.

Call and See Them.

JOHN ENGMAN, ANTIOCH

HEADQUARTERS FOR

School Supplies

COMPOSITION BOOKS
SCHOOL BOOKS AND TABLETS
PENS PENCILS INK

JAMES H. SWAN

ANTIOCH, DRUGGIST ILLINOIS

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Elgin, Ill., Nov. 29.—Butter firm at 26c. Output of the week, 670,000.

A full line of heavy sock-overs. Chase Webb.

Burtis Overton was a Chicago visitor on Tuesday.

All sizes in heavy winter underwear at Chase Webb's.

Read the list of auction sales in another column of this issue.

Heavy and light overshoes for men, all sizes. Chase Webb.

O. F. Richards has sold his farm east of town to Gorm Anderson.

Miss Addie Schaffer was a Chicago passenger Wednesday morning.

Dr. E. H. Ames has purchased a lot of Jeff Smith, on Lake Catherine.

Dr. James H. Reading was transacting business in Chicago on Wednesday.

All persons having shoe repair checks will kindly return them. John Engman.

John Hoyt has returned to Antioch for a visit with relatives for an indefinite time.

A. N. Tiffany attended the republican meeting at Ravina Park on Monday evening.

Miss Dena Hansen of River Grove, spent last week with Miss Lillian Fairman, at Leola Lake.

The Misses Marie and Ella Jensen entertained Miss Dena Hansen of River Grove, recently.

Sam Gilbert has accepted a position with the Wisconsin Central railroad at the Mucwonago depot.

Eugene Stickles who has spent the past summer at Doniphan, Mo., returned to this place the latter part of last week.

On Monday morning of this week C. F. Richards had the misfortune to have six sheep killed by dogs while twenty-five more were injured.

Tuesday was the last day of registration and when the count was made it was found that only five hundred and sixty-four names were registered which is considerable less than the enrollment last year.

The Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church will hold its next regular meeting in the church basement on Wednesday afternoon, November 7. A New England supper will be served from five till seven o'clock, price 10 cents. Mrs. E. C. Sablin, Sec'y.

Are you contemplating taking a trip into Texas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Missouri, or any other points in the south west? It is a pleasure or business trip, I would be pleased to have you join my party going down in a special car, on November the 6th. Geo. E. Webb, Antioch, Ill.

At the home of Wm. Hauneman on Monday evening, about thirty guests assembled, giving Will a genuine surprise. Progressive Cinch was the main amusement of the evening, by which Will Hauneman and Miss Deedie Tiffany won the first prize and Mrs. Walter Chinn and Frank Palmer were the proud possessors of the booby prizes. After cards a dainty lunch was served, followed by a general social and the host and hostess are model entertainers.

Mr. Love, who during the past year has conducted the Queen of the West hotel at Petite Lake, under the firm name of Love & DeSanctis, was last week arrested on complaint of Ruben Jones, the charge being that of obtaining goods under false pretense. The trial was held Friday last, both parties being represented by Chicago attorneys. The trial resulted in the prisoner being bound over to the grand jury. In default of \$2,000 bail he was taken to Waukegan and lodged in the county jail.

The Junior League will hold a social in basement of the M. E. church on Friday evening, November 2. Admission 10 cents, light refreshments served free. A program will be rendered.

The ladies of the Antioch Hillside Cemetery society will have quite a novel feature at their bandana sale, ask them about it beforehand.

L. S. Wisner and family will leave the latter part of the week for Napavine, Washington, where they expect to make their future home.

Mrs. Wm. Turner was called to Grayslake on Monday by the death of her mother, Mrs. Gellings. The funeral was held at Racine on Wednesday.

The Junior League will hold a social in basement of the M. E. church on Friday evening, November 2. Admission 10 cents, light refreshments served free. A program will be rendered.

The Barden store Kenosha has just installed in its big new store a complete mail order department and will on request send, post paid, a copy of our new fall and winter catalogue.

The Antioch Hillside Cemetery society will have a bandana sale on Wednesday November 21. Bandana handkerchiefs made into funny articles of all descriptions will be for sale. Aunt Jimmie will be there during the afternoon and serve her famous pancakes. A dinner will be served from five till seven o'clock for 25 cents. When you buy your dinner tickets ask the ladies "what else?"

For rent—A well improved 120 acre grain and stock farm, with buildings, in Lake County near Wadsworth, Ill. Can give possession March 1, 1907, or earlier if desired. Call on or address Martin-Lux Wadsworth, Ill.

To protect the little ones and for the information and satisfaction of mothers the contents of each bottle of that wonderful children's remedy, Cascasweet, have been placed on every label. Cascasweet is a harmless compound of vegetable extracts that is wonderful in its beneficial effects on the stomachs of babies and children. Recommended and sold by J. H. Swan.

Unworthy of Remembrance. My Dear Friend: I beg of you to lend me the \$6,000. Then forget me forever. I am not worthy to be remembered.—Letter found by the Paris Figaro.

Cured of Bright's Disease. Mr. Robert O. Burke, Elmhurst, N. Y., writes: Before I started to use Foley's Kidney Cure I had to get up from twelve to twenty times a night, and I was all bloated up with dropsy and my eyesight was so impaired I could scarcely see one of my family across the room. I had given up hope of living when a friend recommended Foley's Kidney Cure. One 50 cent bottle worked wonders and before I had taken the third bottle the dropsy had gone, as well as all other symptoms of Bright's disease.

Wm. Gauger visited with friends at Watford, Wis., over Sunday.

If what they all say is true, my 25 cent coffee is a winner. Chase Webb.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Ziegler visited over Sunday with friends at Wilmette.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Eli Clayton on Thursday of last week a baby girl.

W. H. Osmond and wife were transacting business in Chicago on Monday.

Mrs. Jos. Savage is in Chicago undergoing an operation upon her eyes.

Brompton & Shultis have been improving their market by a fresh coat of paint.

New and second hand pianos for sale or rent. Prices always right. L. B. Grice, 201f

W. A. Taylor of Waukegan was an over Sunday visitor with Antioch relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Swan returned home on Sunday from their two weeks vacation.

Miss Elizabeth Webb has been confined to her home on account of illness for the past week.

Dr. C. H. Barber of Crystal Lake will be at the home of H. J. Barber on Saturday, November 3.

W. S. Westlake was in attendance at the County Sunday School convention at Waukegan last Friday.

Miss Mary Blair is reported ill with typhoid fever. Miss Bertha James is taking her place at Thayer & Hembrook's.

Miss Laura Cannon of Waukegan visited the latter part of last week and the fore part of this week with Antioch friends.

A. Tolinson left on Tuesday for a month's vacation which he will spend hunting deer in the woods of northern Wisconsin.

Write to Alden, Biding & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs.

Mrs. Charles Alvers left on Tuesday, for a week's vacation which she will spend with relatives at Chicago and West Pullman.

Mrs. Wm. Bartlett returned home on Friday last after having spent the week with friends at Waukegan, Wilmette and Evanston.

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The Junior League will hold a social in basement of the M. E. church on Friday evening, November 2. Admission 10 cents, light refreshments served free. A program will be rendered.

The Barden store Kenosha has just installed in its big new store a complete mail order department and will on request send, post paid, a copy of our new fall and winter catalogue.

The Antioch Hillside Cemetery society will have a bandana sale on Wednesday November 21. Bandana handkerchiefs made into funny articles of all descriptions will be for sale. Aunt Jimmie will be there during the afternoon and serve her famous pancakes. A dinner will be served from five till seven o'clock for 25 cents. When you buy your dinner tickets ask the ladies "what else?"

For rent—A well improved 120 acre grain and stock farm, with buildings, in Lake County near Wadsworth, Ill. Can give possession March 1, 1907, or earlier if desired. Call on or address Martin-Lux Wadsworth, Ill.

To protect the little ones and for the information and satisfaction of mothers the contents of each bottle of that wonderful children's remedy, Cascasweet, have been placed on every label. Cascasweet is a harmless compound of vegetable extracts that is wonderful in its beneficial effects on the stomachs of babies and children. Recommended and sold by J. H. Swan.

Unworthy of Remembrance. My Dear Friend: I beg of you to lend me the \$6,000. Then forget me forever. I am not worthy to be remembered.—Letter found by the Paris Figaro.

Cured of Bright's Disease. Mr. Robert O. Burke, Elmhurst, N. Y., writes: Before I started to use Foley's Kidney Cure I had to get up from twelve to twenty times a night, and I was all bloated up with dropsy and my eyesight was so impaired I could scarcely see one of my family across the room. I had given up hope of living when a friend recommended Foley's Kidney Cure. One 50 cent bottle worked wonders and before I had taken the third bottle the dropsy had gone, as well as all other symptoms of Bright's disease.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

FURNISHED BY
Lake County Title and Trust Co.
Abstracts of Title. Titles Guaranteed.
MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING,
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.
LOUIS J. GURNEE, Secretary.

A. G. Williams and wife to Anna L. Sears 100 acres in a w 1/4 sec 30 Warren twp deed 7967 00

G. H. Comstock and wife to M. T. Topping 10 1/2 blk 3 Applebee's sub Barrington w d 500 00

C. S. Sprague and wife to Herman Stelling 1 1/4 acres in n e 1/4 sec 21 Vernon twp w d 284 00

B. C. Harris and wife to G. M. Jepson 1/2 blk 4 Ridgeland Waukegan w d 700 00

T. J. McCarthy and wife to Emma G. Strang pt 1/2 blk 18 and 14 add to w add Waukegan w d 1500 00

P. L. Austin to W. S. Austin 1/2 blk 4 Ridgeland Waukegan w d 1200 00

Sarah P. Bernstein and husband to M. J. Krany and wife 1/2 blk 1 n e 1/4 sec 10 Grant twp w d 6500 00

Chas. Lindemann to Fred Albrecht 1/2 blk 11 12 13 14 15 blk 1 Hammond's add to Rockefeller w d 1250 00

Catherine Kaiser to John Bohm 20 acres in e 1/2 sec 2 W Antioch twp w d 800 00

W. G. Barnstable and wife to J. J. Fish 1/2 blk 1 Burnett's add to Lake Villa w d 1350 00

R. J. Delvin and wife to Michael Dineen 1/2 blk 2 Delvin's sub in w 1/4 sec 14 Grant twp w d 800 00

Herman Rieke to Louise Schafer 1 acre in n w 1/4 sec 36 Cuba twp w d 200 50

F. P. Dymond and wife to H. C. Burridge 7 acres s of Dymond's sub in sec 20 Libertyville twp w d 2100 00

George Boehler and wife to S. C. Henry 15 acres in n w 1/4 sec 30 Elk twp w d 1850 00

F. B. Buzin and wife to Lena C. Tattler 5 acres 1/4 mile north of Diamond Lake q c 2025 00

Anna E. Shellbarger and husband to May P. Sosman 1/2 blk 6 and 7 blk 29 Lake Bluff w d 1250 00

M. E. Deaconess Society to Agard Deaconess Sanitarium 1/2 blk 11 12 and 13 blk 35 Lake Bluff w d 1 00

John Irving and wife to W. J. Melville 1/2 n w 1/4 sec 12 Newport twp w d 4500 00

W. H. Murphy to B. Dady 1/2 blk 10 11 and 12 blk 4 Bord de Lac Bluffs deed 750 00

B. M. Fick and wife to R. H. Murphy 3 1/2 acres in s w 1/4 sec 9 Libertyville twp w d 500 00

Oliver Hook and wife to S. K. Christensen pt 1/2 n 1/2 of Wilmot road sec 13 Avon twp w d 2500 00

Estate of E. J. Lehman (dec'd) to W. H. Sheehan 20 acres in n e 1/4 sec 4 Avon twp w d 1600 00

Rebecca Miller to L. & H. L. Delme 10 acres in s e 1/4 sec 25 Elk twp w d 600 00

C. H. Mason and wife to G. E. Marshall 1/2 blk 35 36 37 38 blk 17 Lake Bluff w d 1 00

Michael Schlosser and wife to Joseph Schlusser pt sec 34 Newport twp and pt sec 3 Warren twp q c 800 00

H. F. Wilke et al to Caroline Wilke 1/2 n Brown's sub in sec 18 Vernon twp w d 10 00

Caroline Wilke to Henry F. Wilke 1/2 n Brown's sub in sec 18 Vernon twp w d 10 00

De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills act on both kidneys and liver, and as a result afford the quickest relief from those troubles resulting from an excess of uric acid. Such troubles as rheumatism, back-ache, sciatica, etc., are quickly relieved by a few doses of this modern remedy for the kidneys. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Moral: Keep Hustling. The dog in the kennel barks at his feast; the dog that hunts does not feel them.

Famous Strike Breakers. The most famous strike breakers in the land are Dr. King's New Life Pills. When liver and bowels go on strike, they quickly settle the trouble, and the purifying work goes right on. Best cure for constipation, headache and dizziness. 25c at J. H. Swan, druggist.

A Long Wait. "What I'm waitin' fur," said Uncle Jerry Peebles, "is a chance to vote fur some man that isn't the 'people's' candidate, but is just runnin' fur office on his own hook."

Here is our condensed opinion of the Original Laxative Cough Syrup: "Nearly all other cough syrups are constipating especially those containing opiates. Kennedy's Laxative, containing honey and tar moves the bowels. Contains no opiates. Conforms to the National Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Most Ancient Idea of Humor. The oldest idea of humor is surprise. This the child exhibits when it hides and cries "Boo!" both surprising and frightening its senior. One may find this primal sense of humor distributed through the modern short story. Poems which end contrary to their foreshadowings are of this sort.

Dancing Proves Fatal. Many men and women catch colds at dances which terminate in pneumonia and consumption. After exposure if Foley's Honey and Tar is taken it will break up a cold and no serious results need be feared. Refuse any but the genuine in a yellow package.

The Question of Happiness. To be truly happy is a question of how we begin and not of how we end, of what we want and not of what we have.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Need a good cathartic? A pill is best. Say a pill like DeWitt's Little Early-Risers. About the most reliable on the market. Sold by J. H. Swan.

that sick women endure, in the back, hips, legs, etc., the headaches, waist and side pains, falling feelings, nervousness, irregular periods and other suffering can be relieved or cured, as were those of Mrs. Lucy Rowe, of Gifford, Ill., by taking

WINE OF CARDUI

WOMAN'S RELIEF

She writes "For 4 years I suffered terrible pains in my side, from female trouble. Wine of Cardui cured them." They were better before I finished one bottle. The doctor wanted to operate on me, but I took Cardui instead, and now I am nearly well. Cardui is a cure for disorders of the womanly functions. Try it.

At All Druggists, \$1.00

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Wm. Gauger visited with friends at Watford, Wis., over Sunday.

If what they all say is true, my 25 cent coffee is a winner. Chase Webb.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Ziegler visited over Sunday with friends at Wilmette.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Eli Clayton on Thursday of last week a baby girl.

W. H. Osmond and wife were transacting business in Chicago on Monday.

Mrs. Jos. Savage is in Chicago undergoing an operation upon her eyes.

Brompton & Shultis have been improving their market by a fresh coat of paint.

New and second hand pianos for sale or rent. Prices always right. L. B. Grice, 201f

W. A. Taylor of Waukegan was an over Sunday visitor with Antioch relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Swan returned home on Sunday from their two weeks vacation.

Miss Elizabeth Webb has been confined to her home on account of illness for the past week.

Dr. C. H. Barber of Crystal Lake will be at the home of H. J. Barber on Saturday, November 3.

W. S. Westlake was in attendance at the County Sunday School convention at Waukegan last Friday.

Miss Mary Blair is reported ill with typhoid fever. Miss Bertha James is taking her place at Thayer & Hembrook's.

Miss Laura Cannon of Waukegan visited the latter part of last week and the fore part of this week with Antioch friends.

A. Tolinson left on Tuesday for a month's vacation which he will spend hunting deer in the woods of northern Wisconsin.

Write to Alden, Biding & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs.

WINTER OPENING SALE

Our Winter lines of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Cloaks and Millinery are now ready for your inspection. Prices lower than elsewhere. We also offer below special bargains in seasonal merchandise

GROCERIES.

9 bars Lenox Soap.....\$ 25
9 bars Armors Lighthouse Soap..... 25
12 bars Calumet Family Soap..... 25
7 bars Maple City Soap..... 25
2 pkgs Johnson's Washing Powder..... 25
3 pkgs Gold Dust..... 50
Egg O See, per pkg..... 07
Quaker Oats, per pkg..... 08
Price's Food, per pkg..... 08
Force, per pkg..... 08
Grape Nuts..... 10
Shredded Wheat Biscuit..... 10
Crown Baking Powder, pound can..... 15
Chapman's " " " "..... 15
Rumford's " " " "..... 25
3 pkgs Yeast Foam..... 10
Armour's Pic Nics, lb..... 09

DRY GOODS.

Remnants Standard Prints, per yd.....\$ 04
Apron Gingham, per yd..... 05
Shetland Floss, pound box..... 75
Richardson's Embroidery Silk, per doz skeins..... 40
We will give one-third off on all stamped linens for this sale
2 spools Satin Gloss or Silko..... 05
Mennen's Talcum Powder..... 12
Graves Tooth Powder..... 12
Pitchers or Fletcher's Castoria..... 25
\$1.00 Bromo Seltzer..... 75
50c " " " "..... 40
25c " " " "..... 20
Carter's Black School Ink..... 02
Vaseline..... 03

F. D. BATTERSHALL

General Merchandise

Grayslake, Illinois

"How to Avoid Appendicitis"

Do you have sick headaches?
Do you feel distressed after eating?
Do you have burning sensation in stomach?
Are you troubled with bad blood?
Are you troubled with weak heart?
Are you troubled with dyspepsia?
Are you troubled with constipation?
If so take Gastrozone; it will cure you or you get your money back. Gastrozone prevents you from having appendicitis, because it is antiseptic. Sold and guaranteed by J. H. Swan.

Undue Haste Depreciated.

Yes, the man with one dollar may be a better man than the one with \$20, but let's agree to let the \$20 man live a few years longer. We may want to borrow the \$20.—Brooklyn Eagle.

We have secured the agency for Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup, the new laxative that makes the liver lively, purifies the breath, cures headache and regulates the digestive organs. Cures chronic constipation. Ask us about it.

Army Cookery.

Happily there is one school of cookery in the army, but this is considered to be "beneath notice," and is not mentioned in the army list. In the interest of the health of the army the question of providing further means for learning cookery may well be considered.—The Hospital.

This is Worth Remembering. As no one is immune, every person should remember that Foley's Kidney Cure will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine.

Handwriting No Guide. Very little stress can be placed upon the drawn beauty expressed in handwriting, since many distinguished men and women have written extremely illegible and "bad" hands. Horace Greeley being probably the best-known example in this respect.

Good for everything a salve is used for and especially recommended for piles. That is what we say of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. On the market for years and a standby in thousands of families. Get DeWitt's. Sold by J. H. Swan.

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Madame Midas

By Fergus Hume

CHAPTER XX.

A whole year had elapsed since the arrival of Vandouloup in Melbourne, and during that time many things had happened. Unfortunately, in spite of his knowledge of human nature and the fact that he started with a good sum of money, Gaston had not made his fortune. This was due to the fact that he was indisposed to work when the banking account was at all decent; so he had lived like a prince on his capital, and trusted to his luck furnishing him with more when it was gone.

Kitty had joined him in Melbourne as arranged, and Gaston had married her and had established her in a place in Richmond. It was not a regular boarding house, but the lady who owned it, Mrs. Pulechop by name, was in the habit of letting apartments on reasonable terms.

Meanwhile he went everywhere, was universally admired and petted, and no one who saw him in society with his bright smile and nonchalant manner would have imagined what crafty schemes there were in that handsome head.

Madame Midas was still up at Ballarat and occupying the same cottage, although she was now so wealthy she could have inhabited a palace, had she been so minded. But prosperity had not spoiled Mrs. Villiers. She still managed her own affairs, and did a great deal of good with her money—expending large sums for charitable purposes, because she really wished to do good, and not, like so many rich people, for the purpose of advertising herself.

She had invested her money largely in land, and thus being above the reach of poverty for the rest of her life, she determined to take up her abode in Melbourne for a few months, prior to going to England on a visit. With this resolution, she gave up her cottage to Archie, who was to live in it, and still manage the mine, and made preparations to come down to Melbourne with Selina Sprotts.

"My faith," said M. Vandouloup, smiling to himself as he thought of the situation; "it's a capital comedy, certainly; but I must take care it doesn't end as a tragedy."

The next day Vandouloup sent a telegram to Kitty saying he would be home to dinner, and as he always required something extra in the way of cooking, Kitty went to interview Mrs. Pulechop on the subject.

Poor thing, it was so rarely now that he came home to dinner that a visit from him was regarded by her in the light of a treat. She dressed herself in a pretty white dress and tied a blue sash around her waist, so that she might look the same to him as when he first saw her.

But her face was now worn and white, and as she looked at her pallor in the glass she wished she had some rouge to bring a touch of color to her cheeks. She tried to smile in her own merry way at the wan reflection she beheld, but the effort was a failure, and she burst into tears.

At 6 o'clock everything was ready for dinner, and having seen that all was in good order, Kitty walked outside to watch for Gaston.

Suddenly she heard the rattle of wheels, and rousing herself from her reverie, she saw a hansom cab at the gate and M. Vandouloup standing on the pavement, paying the driver. She also heard him tell the cabman to call for him at 8 o'clock, and her heart sank within her as she thought that he would soon be gone again. The cab drove off, and she stood cold and silent on the veranda waiting for Gaston, who sauntered slowly up the walk. He was in evening dress, and the night being warm he did not wear an overcoat, so looked tall and slim in his dark clothes as he came up the path swinging his cane easily to and fro.

"Why, Bebe, how charming you look to-night," said Vandouloup, holding her at arm's length; "quite like your old self."

And indeed she looked very pretty, for the excitement of seeing him had brightened her eyes and flushed her cheeks, and standing in the warm light of the lamp, with her golden hair floating around her head, she looked like a lovely picture.

"You are not going away very soon?" she whispered to Gaston, coming close to him, and putting her hand on his shoulder. "I see so little of you now."

"My dear child, I can't help it," he said, earnestly removing her hand and walking over to the dinner table; "I have an engagement in town to-night."

"Ah, you no longer care for me," said Kitty, with a stifled sob. Vandouloup shrugged his shoulders. "Can't you stay to-night?" she said, looking imploringly at him.

"I have an engagement, as I told you before," he said, lazily; "besides, evenings at home are so dreary."

"I will be here," said Kitty, reproachfully. "That will, of course, make a difference," answered Gaston, with a faint sneer; "but you know," shrugging his shoulders, "I do not cultivate the domestic virtues."

"How long is this going to last?" she asked, in a hard voice. "Till I get rich!" "That may be a long time!" "It may." "Perhaps never?" "Perhaps!" "You coward," burst forth Kitty, rising from her seat, and crossing over to him; "you made me leave my home, and now you neglect me, and have ceased to love me!"

"I found it in your private desk," she said, coldly.

"That was wrong, my dear," he answered, gently, "you should never betray confidences—I left the desk in your charge, and it should have been sacred to you."

"Listen to me," she said, in a harsh voice, with white face and flaming eyes; "to-night I leave this house forever."

"As it pleases you," he replied simply. "Have you no love for me now?"

"No," he answered, coldly and brutally, "I am tired of you."

She fell on her knees and clutched his hand.

"Dear Gaston! dear Gaston!" she cried, covering it with kisses, "think how young I am, how my life is unhappy, and for you. I gave up everything for your sake—home, father and friends—you will not cast me off like this after all I have sacrificed for you? Oh, please—speak!"

"My dear," said Vandouloup, gravely, looking down at the kneeling figure with the streaming eyes and clenched hands, "as long as you choose to stay here I will be your friend, but while you are with me our lives will be as they have been; good by at present," touching her forehead coldly with his lips. "I will call to-morrow afternoon to see how you are, and I trust this will be the last of such scenes."

So still the night was. No moon as yet, but an innumerable blaze of stars set like diamonds in the dark blue sky. A smoky yellowish haze hung over the city, but down in the garden amid the flowers all was cool and fragrant. The house was quite dark, and a tall mulberry tree on one side of it was black against the clear sky. Suddenly the door opened, and a figure came out and closed the door softly after it. Down the path it came, and standing in the middle of the garden raised a white tear-stained face to the dark sky. A dog barked in the distance, and then a fresh cold breeze came sweeping through the trees and stirring the still perfumes of the flowers. The figure threw its hands out toward the house with a gesture of despair, then gliding down the path it went out of the gate and stole quietly down the lonely street.

CHAPTER XXI.

As he drove rapidly into town Gaston's thoughts were anything but pleasant. Not that he was thinking about Kitty, for he regarded the scene he had with her as merely an outburst of hysterical passion, and did not dream she would take any serious step. At the hotel he picked up the evening paper and glanced over it with a yawn, when a name caught his eye which he had frequently noticed before.

"I say," he said to a tall, fair young fellow who had just entered, "who is this Meddlechip the paper is full of?"

"Don't you know?" said the other, in surprise; "he's one of our richest men, and very generous with his money."

"Oh, I see! buys popularity," replied Vandouloup, coolly; "how is it I've never met him?"

"He's been to China or Chili—or something commencing with a C," returned the young man, vaguely; "he only came back to Melbourne last week; you are sure to meet him sooner or later." Vandouloup was so occupied with his own thoughts that he did not notice two gentlemen who came in, taking seats a little distant from him. They were both in evening dress and had apparently left the opera in order to talk business, for they kept conversing eagerly, and their voices striking on Vandouloup's ear, he glanced round at them and then relapsed into his former inattentive position. Now, however, though apparently absorbed in his own thoughts, he was listening to every word they said, for he had caught the name of "The Maple Reef," a quartz mine, which had lately been floated on the market, the shares of which had run up to a pound, and then, as bad reports were circulated about it, dropped suddenly to four shillings. Vandouloup recognized one as Barracough, a well-known stock broker, but the other was a dark, wiry-looking man of medium height, whom he had never seen before.

"I tell you it's a good thing," said Barracough, vehemently laying his hand on the table; "Tollerby is the manager, and knows everything about it."

A noise disturbed Vandouloup, as a crowd of gentlemen came thronging in. Barty was among them, and he thought he would speak to him on the subject. Barty was a clever little fellow, and seemed always able to get money. Perhaps he would be able to assist him. He stepped out of the balcony into the light and touched Barty on the shoulder as he stood amid his friends.

"Hullo! it's you!" cried Barty, turning round. "Where have you been, old chap? Come and have supper with us. We are going to have some at Leslie's."

"Yes, do come," urged Bellthorp, a companion, putting his arm in that of Vandouloup's; "we'll have no end of fun."

Vandouloup was just going to accept, as he thought on the way he could speak privately to Barty about this scheme he had, when he saw a stout gentleman at the end of the room taking a cup of coffee at the counter, and talking to another gentleman who was very tall and thin. The figure of the stout gentleman seemed familiar to Vandouloup and at this moment he turned slowly round and looked down the room. Gaston gave a start when he saw his face, and then smiled in a gratified manner to himself.

"Who is that gentleman with the coffee?" he asked Barty.

"Those stout and lean kins?" said Barty, airily. "Put one in mind of Pharaoh's dream, doesn't it?"

"Yes, yes!" retorted Gaston, impatiently; "but who are they?"

"The long one is Fell, the railway contractor," said Barty, glancing with some surprise at Vandouloup, "and the other is old Meddlechip, the millionaire."

"Meddlechip," echoed Vandouloup, as if to himself; "my faith!"

"Do you know him?"

"I fancy I do," said Vandouloup, with a strange smile. "You must excuse me to your supper to-night."

Gaston sauntered slowly up to the coffee bar, and asked for a cup in his usual musical voice, but when the stout gentleman heard him speak he turned pale and looked up. The thin one had gone off to talk to some one else, so when Vandouloup got his coffee he turned slowly round and looked straight at Meddlechip seated in the chair.

"Good evening, M. Kestrike," he said, quietly.

Meddlechip, whose face was usually red and florid looking, turned ghastly pale, and sprang to his feet.

"Octave Braulard!" he gasped, placing his coffee cup on the counter.

"At your service," said Vandouloup, looking rapidly round to see that no one overheard the name, "but here I am Gaston Vandouloup."

Meddlechip passed his handkerchief over his face and moistened his dry lips with his tongue.

"How did you get here?" he asked, in a strangled voice.

"It's a long story," said M. Vandouloup, putting his coffee cup down and wiping his lips with his handkerchief; "suppose we go and have supper somewhere, and I'll tell you all about it."

"I don't want any supper," said Meddlechip, solemnly, his face having regained its normal color.

"Possibly not, but I do," replied Vandouloup, sweetly, taking his arm; "come, let us go."

Meddlechip did not resist, but walked passively out of the bar with Vandouloup, much to the astonishment of the thin gentleman, who called out to him but without getting any answer.

Meddlechip went to the cloak room and put on his coat and hat. Then he followed Vandouloup down the stairs and passed at the door while the Frenchman hailed a hansom. When it drove up, however, he stopped short at the edge of the pavement.

"I won't go," he said, determinedly.

Vandouloup looked at him with a peculiar gleam in his dark eyes, and bowed.

"Let me persuade you, Monsieur," he said, blandly, holding the door of the cab open.

Meddlechip glanced at him, and then, with a sigh of resignation, entered the cab, followed by Vandouloup.

"Where to, sir?" asked the cabman, through the trap.

"To Leslie's Supper Rooms," replied the Frenchman, and the cab drove off.

Leslie's Supper Rooms in Bourke Street East were very well known, and were soon reached by the two men.

"Now, then, sir," said Meddlechip, sharply, "when did you bring me here for? You must leave Australia."

"If I refuse?" asked Vandouloup, lazily, smiling to himself.

"I will denounce you as a convict escaped from New Caledonia," hissed the other, putting his hands in his pockets, and bending forward.

"Indeed," said Gaston, with a charming smile, "I don't think you will go so far as that, my friend."

"I thought it was done with," said Meddlechip, twisting his fingers together, while the large drops of perspiration stood on his forehead, "but here you come like a spectre from the past and revive all the old horrors."

"If you call Adelaide a horror," retorted Vandouloup, coolly, "I am certainly going to revive her, so you had best sit down and hear me to the end, for you certainly will not turn me from my purpose."

"We will begin the story," said M. Vandouloup, in a conversational tone, with an airy wave of his delicate white hand, "in the good old-fashioned style of our fairy tales. Once upon a time—let us say three years ago—there lived in Paris a young man called Octave Braulard, who was well born and comfortably off. He had a fancy to be a doctor, and was studying for the medical profession when he became acquainted with Mademoiselle Adele Blondet. Octave Braulard went on M. Vandouloup, complacently looking at himself, "was handsome, and she fell in love with him. Then there came to Paris an English gentleman from Australia—name, Kestrike; position, independent; income, enormous. He saw Adele Blondet, and was introduced to her by Braulard; result, Kestrike betrayed his friend Braulard by stealing her love from him."

(To be continued.)

Cold Proposition.

Vice President Fairbanks came down the street this morning in his finest carriage. He met Representative Brownlow, who was walking along Fifteenth street.

"Get in, Brownlow," said the Vice President, "and I will take you up to the capitol."

Brownlow hopped in. They chatted until at the corner of Fifteenth and B streets, where the Vice President halted the carriage in order to go into a store. He left Brownlow in the carriage.

Two or three Representatives, walking to the capitol, came along and found Brownlow there, sitting in state.

"Hi, Brownlow," said one of them, "how about this? When did you get a turnout like that, and what are you doing here?"

"Nothing," Brownlow replied, "Nothing at all; merely getting a free ride in the ice wagon."

Holy Name Society.

The letters of H. N. S. stand for Holy Name Society, an organization in the Roman Catholic Church, the purpose of which is to teach reverence for the name of God. In several eastern cities these societies have been holding large parades to protest against blasphemy. In some parades as many as 30,000 men marched.

Same in His Young Days.

Dad (severely)—And look here, Ethel, you mustn't encourage that young man to stay so late every night. It's disgraceful. What does your mother say about it?

Ethel—She says men haven't altered a bit, dad.—Ally Sloper.

Loose in Morals, Though.

Walker (to battered friend)—What caused the accident, loose tire?

Wheeler—No; tight chauffeur.—Boston Transcript.

ARMY GARDEN



Some people never get acquainted with the workings of a hoe because it requires so much elbow grease.

More and better green food supply and more meat of some kind are what the hen needs for winter egg production.

While wheat bran is a good feed for milch cows, it should always be fed with stronger grain to secure the best results.

The farm that is without good well water for the family and stock is worse off than the farm that has too much water in the fields.

Treatment that may entirely break one horse of a bad habit may entirely fail on another. It is hard to lay down rules that will work well in all cases.

You can better afford to starve your horses any other time than during the first year of their existence. A stunted colt seldom makes a well-developed horse.

The man who sows winter wheat broadcast is inviting failure. It may not come, but it is liable to. If I could not drill my wheat I would not sow any.

The female animal on the farm that is coming up in flesh at mating time is much more liable to produce a good offspring than the thin or poor animal. This should be thoroughly understood.

The hired man who kills his employer's time is just as dishonest as the man who steals his property, as he is getting money under false pretenses, and in so doing is a fraud and swindler.

Without exercise it is impossible for the muscle of the young horses to develop, hence the necessity for a good-sized field for them to run in. If you would have horses with plenty of endurance, give the colts a chance to develop their muscles.

Twenty-five years ago a two horse team was used for doing all the heavy farm work, while to-day the same work, and much besides, is done by a heavy team of three draft horses, and the work is done much more advantageously, also resulting in less wear and tear upon the team.

The United States are celebrated for the fast horses they have developed. The same intelligence, feed, water and atmosphere that developed speed with-out parallel will develop strength without parallel when devoted to that object. But the last will not be attained under existing conditions of draft-horse breeding.

The feeding of young chicks is really of minor consideration compared with sanitary conditions and proper management. There is no kind of food that will save them from filth and vermin. Well-batched, well-fed and well-cared-for are the three absolute requisites for success, but the last of these is the greatest.

The Wisconsin experiment station has been comparing the cost of production of mutton and beef. One hundred pounds of gain were made by a wether lamb on 384 pounds of corn, 208 pounds of corn fodder and twenty-two pounds of potatoes. To produce 100 pounds of gain in a steer required 894 pounds of corn, 185 pounds of bran and 645 pounds of silage.

"Some Common Weeds and Their Eradication," a most practical and helpful little bulletin lately issued by the Minnesota experiment station, in making suggestions for the eradication of small patches of quack grass recommends the tar paper method as one of the most effective. In the instance cited in the bulletin tar paper was spread over a patch of quack grass about a rod square. It was lapped enough to make a complete covering, and a few shovels full of dirt were thrown on the edges to keep them in place. Two days later the plants were all dead above ground, and a month later the roots were apparently completely dead. While this is commended as excellent for patches of small size, the cost of the tar paper would make it impractical for larger areas.

A move on the part of the animal husbandry department of the federal agricultural bureau which will be of especial interest to all breeders of fine horses has in view a perpetuation of the strain of Morgan horses, which in years gone by have had a merited reputation the country over of being one of the best all around general purpose breeds in America. With a view to carrying out its purpose the department sent a committee of experts to Kentucky, where some of the very finest types of the Morgan family were purchased and taken to Burlington, Vt., where for the present at least the gov-

ernment stud will be located. This is mentioned as merely one of a multitude of ways in which the department of agriculture is proving of practical and very definite value to the live stock interests of the country.

A great many people who have never known the meaning of the word "tired" will spend three months at some pleasure resort resting. There is such a thing as knowing how to rest when one is tired, but as a rule the one who most needs rest knows nothing about the science. Look at Russell Sage, who never took a rest of any kind, and his labors were most arduous. The farmer who can rest without any pecuniary loss is a prince. We are learning more of the value of rest as the days go by.

Food Capacity of Land. Statisticians estimate that 21 acres of land are necessary to sustain one man on fresh meat. The same space of land, if devoted to wheat culture, would feed 42 people; if to oats, 83; potatoes, Indian corn and rice, 170, and if to plantain or bananas, over 6,000 people.

White Shorthorns. Buyers of Shorthorns who are afraid of the white ones should be interested in a statement recently made by one of the leading Shorthorn breeders of England, to the effect that the best sire he ever owned was a white one, and that of the fifty or more calves gotten by him while in the herd, not one was the color of the bull, all being roans or reds.

Value of Hides and Beef. The value of cattle hides averages one-fifth of the value of the cattle. This was recently demonstrated by a careful test in handling eighteen head of cattle by Swift & Co. They bought the cattle and found they weighed a total of 23,080 pounds and cost \$3.06 a hundredweight, amounting to \$330.88. The eighteen hides weighed 1,288 pounds and sold for \$172, a little more than one-fifth of the cost of the cattle.

How to Graft Grapevines. The method of grafting grapevines is somewhat different from that practiced on apples and other orchard fruits. The grape is grafted a short distance below the surface. The soil is removed, the stock sawed off and split, and the cleft inserted after the ordinary cleft method. The soil is then returned and banked up around the cleft, on which there should be at least two buds. The best time to do the work is just as the stocks are starting growth in the spring.—John Craig, Cornell University.

Ventilation of Barns. One of the great defects these days in all large barns and many small ones which are built is the lack of good ventilating facilities. This is partly due to ignorance and partly to indifference. This question is claiming the attention of some of the best architects of the day. No matter how well a barn may be equipped or how perfect the sanitary conditions, it will not be a success until ventilation is under proper control. Many of the largest barns are built with the express purpose of raising blooded stock, and the prevalence of tuberculosis among the herds is thought in many cases to originate from bad air.

Getting Rid of Sasaparilla. Sasaparilla is one of the worst poisons that can find a hold on a field. Cut it down, or even grub it up, and it will reappear almost unexpectedly, growing rapidly and taking possession of the land. There is a time when it can be removed to the best advantage, however, and that is by grubbing about the 1st of September, removing the roots, and then clearing off the field. Should any plants appear next spring, go into the field and touch a little sulphuric acid on each—half a teaspoonful will answer—and repeat should any roots reappear later, first cutting off all the plants that show above ground. This is also an excellent method of eradicating thistles and other weeds that are difficult to remove.

Storing the Honey Crop. Years ago it was the custom to store honey in the cellar, as it was thought that a cool or cold place was what was needed for the preservation of this product. It is yet difficult to get this notion out of the minds of many.

However, it was soon discovered that if kept for any length of time in a cool, damp place the honey would commence to sweat or ooze out of the unsealed cells, while if left in such a place for two or three months the cell cappings would assume a watery appearance and finally burst.

Some beekeepers work hard all the season to secure a crop of honey and then store it in such an unwholesome place that when it reaches market they do not get nearly so much for their labor as they would had they spent more thought on having their product reach the market in an attractive condition.

Many in the east store their honey in an upper room or attic. Where this can be done there is no better place to keep it.

In two or three weeks' time the honey will thoroughly ripen, when it can be prepared for market.—Farm Journal.

BUILT UP HER HEALTH

SPEEDY CURE OF MISS GOODE

She is Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and Writes Gratefully to Mrs. Pinkham.

For the wonderful help that she has found Miss Cora Goode, 255 E. Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill., believes it her duty to write the following letter for publication, in order that other women afflicted in the same way may be benefited as she was. Miss Goode is president of the Bryn Mawr Lawn Tennis Club of Chicago. She writes:



Miss Cora Goode

"I tried many different remedies to build up my system, which had become run down from loss of health some years ago with great success. So I began to take it, and in less than a month I was able to be out of bed and out of doors, and in three months I was entirely well. Really, I have never felt so strong and well as I have since."

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, bloating (or flatulence), displacement of organs, inflammation or ulceration, can be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Her experience is very great, and she gives the benefit of it to all who stand in need of wise counsel. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Look but Do Not Touch. "Has your wife got your den fixed up yet?"

"Yes, and you ought to see it. It's the coziest place in the whole house."

"I suppose you find great comfort in it, don't you?"

"Oh, she won't let me go in it. I've merely to look at it."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

A Good Record. Out of all the external remedies on the market we doubt if there is one that has the record of that world-renowned porous plaster—Alcock's. It has now been in use for sixty years, and still continues to be as popular as ever in doing its great work of relieving our pains and aches. It is the remedy we all need when suffering from any form of ache or pain resulting from taking cold or over-stress.

Alcock's Plaster is sold by Druggists in every part of the civilized world.

Impresonable. Towne—He seems to have a complication of diseases.

Brown—So he believes.

Towne—How do you account for it?

Brown—I guess he's been reading a patent medicine advertisement.—Philadelphia Press.

A Wonderful Discovery

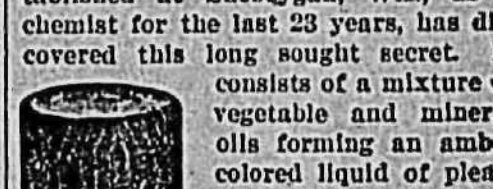
It has been the aim of scientists for years to find some liquid preparation which would possess anodyne, astringent and antiseptic properties and yet be of such a consistency that it would penetrate, first, through the skin, then through the muscles and finally to the very bones, exerting on its way down, healing and pain destroying properties.

Max H. Zaegel, a graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, established at Sheboygan, Wis., as a chemist for the last 23 years, has discovered this long sought secret. It consists of a mixture of vegetable and mineral oils forming an amber colored liquid of pleasant odor and taste, which, when used as directed, restores vitality and strength and gives prompt relief to pain.

Applied to cuts, sores, burns and bruises, it heals, as owing to its antiseptic properties, no pus or matter can form in any wound where this wonderful oil is used.

If you have catarrh, rheumatism, piles, or pain in back write Mr. Zaegel and he will be pleased to mail you a sample bottle free.

Address your letter to M. R. Zaegel chemist, 158 Main St., Sheboygan, Wis. It is free now, so do not fail to write to-day, stating the nature of your complaint.



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"IN TIME OF PEACE PREPARE FOR WAR"

Is an admonition we should earnestly heed. These bright autumn days will soon give place to winter's chilling blasts. Are you prepared? Is that young lady or that little girl of your household provided for? RIGHT NOW is your opportunity to get in line with the hundreds of delighted women of your neighborhood who are taking advantage of our great Mid-Autumn offerings. They know good values, so do you. Then come and be convinced! Our well of good things in women's apparel will never run dry. Its supply is inexhaustible, and each day and each week but adds to the sparkling bargains that have gone before. So, heed ye the warning--"In Time of Peace Prepare for War."

MOST STUPENDOUS COAT BARGAINS EVER OFFERED

COATS

The greatest values ever offered in Ladies' Misses' and Children's Coats in Waukegan. Values so much out of the ordinary that if the women of Waukegan and vicinity could but know what we are offering, the crowds for these three days would break all records.

Ladies' 52-inch loose back coat, made up in good herring-bone mixtures, a very nice appearing garment. Chicago prices, \$10.00. Extra special for these three days at.

\$3.98

COATS

Another very interesting Coat is made of splendid quality kersey cloth, 50 inches long, lined throughout with a pearl gray satin. A full roomy model with a braid trimmed velvet collarless neck and cuffs. A most desirable garment for general service. Priced at only, for this sale.

\$12.75

COATS

Actual \$25 Value Full Length Coats made of finest all wool kersey, lined throughout with guaranteed satin, beautifully trimmed around collar, down the front and cuffs with velvet border and silk stitched embroidery in handsome pattern. Splendidly shaped and tailored, for this sale, at

\$18.75

CHILDREN'S COATS

Handsome little Bear Skin and Crushed Plush Coats, the delight of the little ones, sold everywhere for \$5.00, for this sale, special, at

\$2.98

GIRLS' COATS

In all colors, up to size 14. Regular \$5.00 values, for these three days sale, at

\$2.98

THESE ARE THE DATES

SATURDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY
NOV.	NOV.	NOV.
3	5	6

Millinery Attractions

Ready to wear Hats, all the new shapes.

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Tailored Hats,

\$2.98

Remarkable values will be found in this department

Gloves Special Offering

Two-clasp Kid Gloves.....

98c

Eight-button Kid Gloves.....

\$1.98

Sixteen-button Kid Gloves.....

\$3.68

Elbow length pure Silk Gloves....

\$1.48

We invite your inspection of our glove stock.

SUITS

Space will not permit our giving you the details of all of our Suit Winners. You can see more in our store in a few minutes than pages of description could convey, and these suits look better and are better when you see them and handle them than any estimate you could form by seeing them in print.

During these three days you will have your own selection in suits easily worth up to \$18.00 for.

\$9.98

These comprise high grade mixtures, fine cheviots and other most desirable fabrics.

COATS

The best values that can be secured for the money anywhere is what we are claiming for these chic coats that we are selling for \$10. They were made especially to meet the needs of the woman who wishes both style and economy in the same garment, and the most critical judge will admit that they combine both of these sterling qualities in every way.

These \$10 coats will stand the test of comparison with coats usually priced at not less than \$15, and sometimes even more than that amount. This is why we claim they are not surpassed or equaled.

Fine, soft, brilliant kerseys and a variety of fancy mixtures in light, heavy and medium weight qualities were used to make these coats. Some of them are lined throughout with an excellent quality of satin. Choice for these three days.

\$10

COATS

Ladies' 52-inch black Kersey Coat, loose back, with wide tailor stitched straps, worth \$10. For these three days special.

\$4.98

Nothing cheap about this lot except the price.

COATS

Girls' full length winter Coat up to size 14, over 400 to select from, made up in new brown cheviots and nobby novelty mixtures, worth \$6.75. For these 3 days, at.

\$3.98

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Purchases
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or over

Remarkable Skirt Offering

All Wool Black or Blue Panama Skirts,
at

\$2.98

Over 300 of these great values will be offered for your selection. An opportunity you can not afford to miss.

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